









Operating instructions

Read this operating manual before using the equipment. To be retained for future reference.

DosingLiquidsConveyingGasesControlSystems

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1 Safety notices

1.1 General

This manual contains essential information for the installation, start-up, operation and maintenance of the equipment. Please have your staff and any person in charge of the unit read and understand this manual before starting any work with it. Store this manual safely in a place where mechanics, installers and other technical staff as well as operators can rapidly access it in case of emergency. Attention must also be paid to all the safety instructions in this manual.

1.2 Identification of safety instructions in the operating manual

This operating manual contains essential safety instructions. Failure to observe this information may endanger other people and the unit. The safety instructions are identified by the following symbols:



WARNING!

Refers to a potentially hazardous situation. Failure to follow this instruction may lead to death or severe injury.



CAUTION!

Refers to a potentially hazardous situation. Failure to follow this instruction may lead to minor injury or damage to property.



ATTENTION! or NOTICE!

Failure to comply with this safety instruction may result in damage to the device and endanger its operation.

IMPORTANT!

This refers to additional information to facilitate operation and ensure the smooth running of the equipment. Appropriate reference attached directly on the unit or any of its other parts must absolutely be considered and held in completely readable condition for future reference.

1.3 Personnel qualification and training

Your installation, operation, maintenance and inspection staff must be trained and qualified for these tasks. Personnel areas of responsibility, tasks and supervision must be controlled and ensured by the operating company at all times. Unskilled personnel must be trained and instructed. If necessary, this can also be performed by the manufacturer or certified supplier on behalf of the operating company. The operating company must also ensure that the operating manual has been understood.

1.4 Electrical device safety instructions

Basic safety precautions should always be followed when installing and using this electrical equipment. These include the following:



1.) Read and follow all instructions.

2.) To reduce the risk of injury, do not permit children to use this product unless they are closely supervised at all times.

3.) Risk of electric shock. Ensure that the device is secured with a ground fault - circuit breaker (GFCI = earth-leakage circuit breaker). Contact a qualified electrician if you cannot verify whether the connection is protected by a GFCI.

4.) Do not bury cord. Fix the cable to minimise possible damage due to lawn mowers, hedge trimmers, and other equipment.

5.) To reduce the risk of electric shock, replace the cable immediately if damaged.

6.) To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not use an extension cable to connect the device to the power supply; use an appropriately located socket.

7.) Keep these instructions for future reference.

1.5 Hazards due to non-compliance with the safety instructions

Failure to comply with the safety instructions may endanger not only people, but also the environment and the unit. Failure to follow the safety instructions will invalidate any damage claims.

The following hazards in particular may arise: Failure of major functions of the device. - Danger to persons from electrical, mechanical and chemical influences. Danger to the environment due to leakage of hazardous substances.

1.6 Working in a safety-conscious manner

The safety instructions contained in this operating manual must be observed. The operating company is responsible for ensuring compliance with local safety regulations. Any faults that could affect safety must be rectified immediately.

1.7 Safety instructions for the operator

Statutory regulations must be observed. Consumables and replacement parts must be disposed of safely and in an environmentally friendly manner. Avoid possible hazards from electric current (for further details refer to section 1.4).





1.8 Safety instructions for installation, maintenance and inspection

The operating company must ensure that all installation, maintenance and inspection work is carried out by qualified and authorised personnel.



WARNING!

Installation and maintenance work on the equipment must only be carried out after the device has been disconnected from the power supply. The device must be prevented from being switched on again during the above work. Auxiliary modules should be fitted/removed in this condition. Cables should also only be attached in this condition.



ATTENTION!

Before opening the device, ensure that it cannot suffer damage through electrostatic discharge. The fitter is to perform all necessary measures to this end (e.g. touch a metal conductor which is grounded).

Use ESD-compliant, conducting tools when changing electronics components and connecting the cable. Wherever possible, avoid contact with electronic components with bare hands or uninsulated tools.

Failure to comply can damage the TOPAX DX and invalidate the warranty.

All safety mechanisms and guards must be refitted and reactivated as soon as the work is completed.



ATTENTION!

As well as faulty installation, incorrect controller settings (setpoint, parameter and configuration level data, and device-internal modifications) can impair the process or result in damage.

There should always be a safety device independent of the controller. Configurations may only be carried out by technical personnel! If necessary use password protection. Always comply with the safety regulations of the country of use.

1.9 Modifications and obtaining spare parts

TOPAX DX may be converted or changed only by qualified technical personnel.

Faults and hazards can occur during operation if the TOPAX DX is incorrectly configured by installation or maintenance personnel. In this case, the manufacturer declines any liability.



ATTENTION!

Only genuine manufacturer spare parts and sensors may be used. Failure to comply will invalidate the warranty.

2 Before using the equipment

2.1 Use for intended purpose

The TOPAX DX is especially designed and meant for metering and control applications in swimming pools, SPA and bath waters, water treatment plants and waste water management. The operational safety of the unit can only be ensured if used according to its purpose.

All other types of use are prohibited and will invalidate the warranty.

2.2 Scope of delivery

Carefully check the delivery prior to installation and refer to the delivery note to ensure the delivery is complete and to check for any transport damage. Contact the supplier and/or carrier regarding any questions concerning the delivery and/or transport damage.

Do not operate defective devices.

The scope of delivery includes:

- TOPAX DX casing (as per the model)
- Tool (M4 screw) to open the casing
- Memory card
- Mounting material
- Operating instructions
- Measuring protocol
- Terminal plan for the sensors
 - Electrodes (optional)
- Cable connection TOPAX DX to the electrodes (optional)

The device is delivered either as detached or mounted onto a measuring water table.

2.3 Steps to take for start-up

The following steps are recommended by the manufacturer in order to install the TOPAX DX successfully:

- Reading the operating instructions
- Installing the device
- Attach the sensors and actuating element (to the controlling pumps and switch, etc.)
- Connection of the in- and outputs ("4.11 First set-up and programming guidelines" on page 18)
- Calibrate the sensors to the measuring output
- Adjusting the setpoints ("19.1.3 Menu 1.1: Setpoints" on page 35)
- Controller explanation ("19.1.7 Menu 2.1: adjust controller" on page 37)
- Configuration of the regulating output ("7 Explanation of measuring values outputs" on page 27)



3 Technical data

Supply voltage	90 - 264 V AC, 47 - 63 Hz			
Power consumption	approx. 24 W			
Housing dimensions	302 x 231 x 108 mm (W x H x D) wall-mounted housing			
Display	Graphic colour display 5.7 inch, 320 * 240 pixels (RGB), with LED backlighting (lighting dims automatically after 10 minutes)			
Keyboard	Glass keyboard with touch keys			
Measurement inputs (potential-free)	(24 V DC)	e, Redox potential, temperature rement of total chlorine and controlling of combined chlorine with supply of the electrode y (passive) measurement and control		
Control characteristic for 4 inputs (disinfection, pH value, combined chlorine, conductivity, depending of configuration level)	P, PI, PD or PID performances Fixed value regulation, standard channel selectable with disturbance variable feed forward 2-side controller			
Control parameters	Xp: 1500 %, Tn: 1200 Minu	tes, Tv: 11200 seconds		
Measurement input Disinfection		h mechanical cleaning (excess chlorine detector with 2 electrodes, CS 120) n: 0-1.00 mg/l, 0-2.00 mg/l, 0-5.00 mg/l or 0-10.00 mg/l. Connection via series terminals*		
	Potentiostat (PM) Measuring range adjustable from	n: 0-1.00 mg/l or 0-2.00 mg/l or 010.00 mg/l		
	Encapsulated electrode	20 mA type, measuring range depending on type of electrode Measuring range adjustable from: $0 - 1,00 \text{ mg/l} - 2,00 \text{ mg/l}, 0 - 5,00 \text{ mg/l} \text{ or } 0 - 10,00 \text{ mg/l}$		
Measuring input for pH value	Measuring range pH 0 -14	Connection via series terminals*		
Redox potential measuring input	Measuring range 01000 mV	Connection via series terminals*		
Temperature measuring input Pt 100	Measuring range -10°C+100°C	Two-leader connection by means of line-up terminals*		
Total chlorine measuring input	Encapsulated electrode	20 mA type, measuring range depending on type of electrode Measuring range adjustable from: 0 - 1,00 mg/l, 0 - 2,00 mg/l resp. 10,00 mg/l		
Conductivity measurement	Conductive and inductive with separate measuring amplifier20 mA type, measuring range depending on type of measuring amplifier Adjustable to 400 mS/cm			
Disturbance variable input	0/420 mA programmable Disturbance variable: 0.1 - 10 times amplification			
Digital inputs	 Low level alert input for metering pump 1 Alarm level input for metering pump 1 Low level alert input for metering pump 2 Alarm level input for metering pump 2 Filter cleaning: disconnection of control function without alarm Measuring water shortage disconnection of the regulating function with alarm (external switch off) Activate night-time economy mode 			
Controller outputs	Electronic output (optocouplers)	- 48 V DC; 250 mA (Pulse frequency 10 - 350 Impulses/min)		
	Relay output	 ON/OFF Pulse frequency 10 - 100 Impulses/min Pulse length 10 - 3600 seconds 3-point step output with Position feedback value of the Potentiometer 1 - 10 kOhm 		
	Continuous output	- 0/420 mA, max. load 500 ohms		
Alarm output	Relay output as collective alarm for the measuring size of free and combined chlorine, pH value, Redox potential, temperature and conductivity as potential free changer			
	Measurement alarm	Min. and max. alarm freely adjustable, time delay adjustable: max. 200 min		
	Safety cutout	To prevent over metering (Y-alarm), time delay adjustable: max. 200 minutes		
Current outputs for remote trans-	0/420 mA possible spreading;	max. load 500 ohms potential free		
 Free and combined chlorine Budua 	Useful spreading	>50 % with measuring input Disinfection and 0/420 mA >10% during measurement input of pH-value and Redox potential		
 - pH value - Redox potential - Temperature and conductivity 	0/420 mA measurement outpu	It combined chlorine corresponds to 0.001,50 ml/h		



Load capacity of the relay	230 V AC, 3 A (ohmic resistive load)
Protection class IP 65 with locked screw connections	
Ambient temperature	-5°C +45°C
Air humidity	95 % non-condensing

*) max. 0.5 mm² with cable end sleeve and max. 1.0 mm² without cable end sleeve.

Recommended cables

Recommended cables for the different connections and applications:

Connections and applications	Dimensions	Types
Mains voltage	M20 X 1.5	NYM-I 3 x 1.5 mm (9.1 mm)
Relay output (ATE- engine)	M20 X 1.5	NYM-I 4 x 1.5 mm (9.8 mm)
Relay output (pulse frequency), (pulse length)	M16 X 1.5	NYM- 0 2x 1.5 mm (8.7 mm)
Relay output alarm)	M16 X 1.5	NYM- 0 3x 1.5 mm (9.1 mm)
Connection to PC, computer cable Cat 5	M12 X 1.5	Type 2X2XAWG24/1 (5.7 mm)
Connection of current outputs (remote communication cable)	M12 X 1.5	J-Y (St) Y 4 x2x0.6 mm (6.5 mm)
Position feedback ATE- engine (remote communication cable)	M12 X 1.5	J-Y (St) Y 2x2x0.6 mm (5.0 mm)
Continuous controller output (remote communication cable)	M12 X 1.5	J-Y (St) Y 2x2x0.6 mm (5.0 mm)
Input chlorine measuring cell	M12 X 1.5	LIYY 2x 0.25 mm
Digital inputs (for each input) (remote communication cable)	M12 X 1.5	J-Y (St) Y 2x2x0.6 mm (5.0 mm)



4 Assembly and Installation

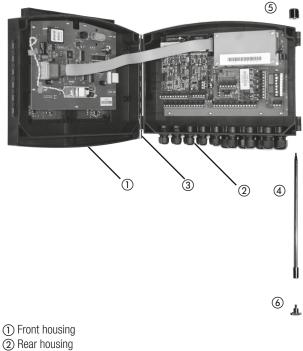
4.1 General Notes

For installation, the local directions and regulations have to be adhered to. Any mounting position is possible. The ambient conditions are to be maintained in accordance with the technical data. Exposure of the unit to direct heat and sunlight must be avoided.

4.1.1 Diagram TOPAX housing

The TOPAX device is composed of two parts, a rear and a front housing. The rear shell of the housing is electrically connected with a flat cable with the front one.

The front housing (1) and the rear housing (2) of the controller are fitted together with two pivots ((3) and (4)). The unit is designed so that the controller can be opened from either side.



- (3) Hinge pivot (fitted)
- (4) Hinge pivot (disassembled)
- (5) Pivot head (unscrewed)
- Pivot disassembly tool

4.1.2 Opening the housing

To open the housing it is preferable to remove the right pivot. To do this, unscrew head O of the pivot. The pivot disassembly tool O serves the purpose.



ATTENTION!

In order to open the housing remove only one pivot from the equipment. If both pivots are removed at the same time, the front housing will no longer be attached to the bottom section.



ATTENTION!

The equipment must only be opened when it is disconnected from the power supply.

4.2 Dimensions

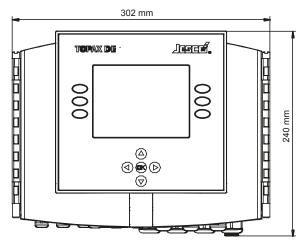


Fig. 1: Dimensions TOPAX

4.3 Wall mounting

For the wall assembly 4 mounting holes are to be found in the lower part of the housing. The hardware for wall fixation is provided with the unit by the manufacturer.

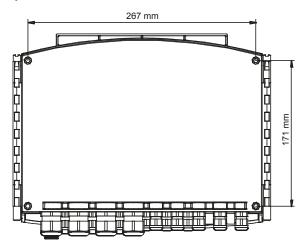


Fig. 2: Spacing of hole for mounting the device (left) and the device dimensions

4.3.1 Rear housing

Consists of rear housing with the motherboard, in which the cable connections are screwed in.

On the motherboard there are the main modules for the functioning. Depending upon the model, two input assemblies are available together with one output assembly. For networking purposes with connection to a PC, an additional interface (RS485) is available. All assemblies are attached to the main board by plug connectors and fastened with several nuts.

4.3.2 Front housing

The front housing contains the display board and the keyboard. A colour display is included to show measurements and allow for adjustment. The operation takes place with 6 function keys as well as a control cross with "OK" key. The keys are integrated in a keyboard and react to contact. All displays of the individual menus appear as plain text.



4.4 Technical components

Besides the main board, the following can be fitted in addition

- up to 2 input components
- an output component and
- an Interface module (RS 485)

To operate the TOPAX DX at least one entry component has to be built in.

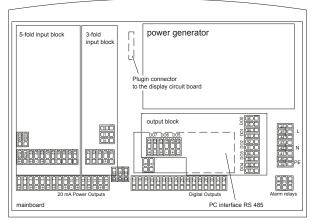


Fig. 3: Arranging the components on the main board

4.4.1 Main board (order no. 78402)

Besides this function, to incorporate the further components, the main board is made up of the following connections:

- 8 analogueue power inputs (0/4...20mA)
- 8 digital inputs
- Alarm relay
- Power supply

4.4.2 5-fold Input block (Code 78403):

With 5 measurement inputs for:

- Dinsinfection (single amperimetric electrode or encapsulated electrode) (0/4...20 mA)
- pH single-rod measuring cell
- Redox single-rod measuring cell
- Temperature sensor Pt100
- position feedback of a servo motor with potentiometer

4.4.3 3-fold Input block (Code 78404):

With 3 measurement inputs for:

- Disinfection (potentiostatic measuring cell)
- Position feedback of a servo motor with potentiometer
- A 0/4 ... 20 mA current input for the connection of a disturbance variable or a conductivity measuring unit with upstream measuring amplifier

IMPORTANT!

When free chlorine potentiostatic measuring cell is used in a 5-fold input block, it is possible to connect also a total-chlorine electrode. At the same time combined chlorine is calculated and displayed.

4.4.4 Output module (order no. 78399)

On the output module there are 5 integrated relay outputs and 3 electronic outputs (optocouplers).

The following outputs can be configured:

Disinfection controller output with various functions

- pH value controller output with various functions
- Combined chlorine controller output with various functions
- Conductivity controller output with various functions
- DIN contact: Free contact if all conditions of the DIN-Standards are respected.
- Contact for controlling a flocculant pump.

The software configuration automatically assigns these outputs to the respective terminals in a sequential order – depending on the configuration of the TOPAX DX:

- 1. Disinfection controller
- 2. Controller pH value
- 3. Controller combined chlorine
- 4. Controller conductivity
- 5. DIN contact
- 6. Eco-contact
- 7. Flocculation contact

Depending upon output type, TOPAX DX selects the next free relay output or optocoupler. The clamps are assigned in a firm order: clamps 87/88 to 95/96 for relays, or 81/82 bis 85/86 for optocouplers.



NOTE

For further information on the terminal connection, refer to section "4.7 Terminal clips of the main board and the technical components" on page 12.

WARNING!

If devices e.g. dosing pumps with inductive loads from a nominal current of 1 A are connected to a relay, the contacts in the relay may be bonded. Thus, the device will operate in an uncontrolled manner. This may also result in an overdosing of chemicals. To prevent the output relays from bonding if the load circuit shorts, they must be protected separately on the maximum relay switching current. For inductive loads, protective circuit must be applied to the relay contacts (spark suppression). The manufacturer recommends the use of the interference suppression module / spark suppression device (article 78614).

4.4.5 Interface board RS 485 (order no. 78406)

The TOPAX DX controller can optionally be fitted with an RS 485 serial interface. The RS 485 allows you to transfer data to a PC. The MODBUS protocol serves as data transmission protocol.

With the RS 485 interface it is possible to connect more than one TOPAX DX device to a network. To do this, an address must be assigned to each TOPAX DX controller. In addition each TOPAX DX controller must be equipped with the RS 485 computer interface.

The RS 485 interface allows for a maximum data transmission of 1000 m. Up to 14 TOPAX DXs can be connected to a network with a PC.



The data line is to be attached direct to the connecting terminals of the TOPAX DX (clamp A and B, see Fig. 4). Separate external connection or distribution boxes must not be set. The network address 10 is not permitted.



IMPORTANT!

For the realization of a network with the TOPAX DX and the structure of a bus system to a PC a computer cable "KAT.5 type 2X2XAWG24/1 (Lapp cable)" or better is to be used. Using other cables can cause data errors and affect the data transmission. The manufacturer is not liable for this.

Most modern computers are equipped with the serial computer interface R-S 232 and/or with USB - interfaces. For the connection to a RS 485 network, an additional connector converter (RS 485 to RS 232 or RS 485 to USB) is necessary.

There are interface components in the under casing part of the main board in the TOPAX DX. It is partially hidden from view by the output module (see Fig. 4).



Fig. 4: RS 485 connections on the interface module board, partially obscured by the output module

ATTENTION!

The data line must be locked at both sides with a 120 Ohm line resistance and must be supplied a firm potential using the two link plugs on the two jumpers on the circuit board of the display of all latest TOPAX versions.

Two link plugs/jumpers have to be connected to the TOPAX DX (the last one in the network) for the 120 ohm switch, Pull-up and Pull-down resistances. The resistances are not active when the system is delivered. The resistance of 120 ohms on the PC side is applied via the connector converter.

The jumper slots are located in the front of the housing on the display board, above the flat band-connection to the main board (see Fig. 5).



Resistors deactivated (delivery status)	Resistors activated (last device in the network)
Jumper position: OFF	Jumper position: ON
The resistors are NOT active. The jumpers are set DOWN	The resistors are activated. The jumpers are set UP

Fig. 5: Position and setting of the jumper to activate the RS 485 resistances on the last TOPAX DX in the network.

4.4.6 TopView software

For remote viewing on a PC the manufacturer offers the full version of the TopView display program and a freeware version with limited functionality. The "TopView Mini" freeware version is free on the internet and can be downloaded from the manufacturer's website.

4.4.7 Connection to a computer via Ethernet (option)

The Ethernet interface provides a further method with which to integrate the TOPAX DX in the network. The Ethernet interface can be set up using an internal intranet. This network still enables telemaintenance.

4.5 Electrical installation

The equipment may be installed and attached only by authorized and qualified electricians. Connections must be made according to the enclosed wiring diagrams.



ATTENTION!

Only work on electrical connections while the device is disconnected from the power supply.

Insert the cables in the various connections screwed on the bottom side of the housing. After the installation, tighten all cable connections so that the required protection class is provided.





Fig. 6: Cable connections for protected cable passage to the rear part of the housing.

For the connection to the power supply and to the actuators, TOPAX DX is equipped with special terminal clips (see Fig. 7). For a better assembly these clamps are designed as plug-ins (see Fig. 8), whereby the maximum cross section is 2.5 mm^2 for the power cord and 1.5 mm^2 for all other clamps.

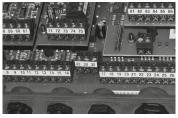


Fig. 7: The principle of the connecting terminals at the technical components.



Fig. 8: Single connecting clamp of the technical components, removable for installation.



ATTENTION!

When choosing the line material, for installation and electrical connection of the device, observe the regulations of VDE 0100 "Provisions for setting up electric power plants with nominal voltages below 1000 V" or the individual national rules.



ATTENTION!

The equipment is not suitable for the installation in areas with a potentially explosive atmosphere.

4.5.1 Connection of the in- and outputs

NOTE

\bigwedge

Terminal clips allocation depends on the software configuration of TOPAX DX. Terminal clips allocation depends on the delivered equipment.

The delivered equipment is listed in the protocol and terminal plan, which are included with the device. Use this terminal plan to wire the device and to put it in operation.

If the current software-configuration is not correct, the device has to be newly configured before connecting in- and outputs (see Chapter "4.11 First set-up and programming guidelines" on page 18). The display will show the new terminal diagram.

4.5.2 Connection of voltage supply

The device has no power switch and is immediately operative after having applied the operating voltage. For this reason an external switch and/ or protective switch has to be installed.

For the connection to the power supply at the main board, refer to the enclosed terminal plan (see section "4.7 Terminal clips of the main board and the technical components" on page 12).



DO NOT let power be switched on via timer operation!

4.5.3 Internal fuse

For an additional external voltage supply protector, the value should not be below 2 A (slow-blowing).

4.5.4 Connection of the sensor technology

Measuring cables may not be parallel when too close (less than 15 cm) to power switches and/or cables for power installation. Separate cable channels are to be used. Disturbing stray effects could otherwise falsify the measurement. Power supply and measuring lines at close proximity should only cross at a 90° angle.

The maximum permissible length of the measuring cables depends on the kind of the sensor. When performing very ohmic measurements (e.g. pH or Redox measurements) the following is to be considered:

- Connections and patch cords must be clean and dry.
- The permissible bending radius of the cable must be respected.
- The quality of the holding wires must correspond to the defaults from the data sheet of the sensor.



IMPORTANT!

A continuous cable is to be used from the sensor to the measuring entrance. An extension of the cable by plugs or terminal sockets increases the risk of disturbances due to contamination, humidity or excessive transition resistances.



4.5.5 Connecting the actuators

When connecting the actuators must be switched off to prevent uncontrolled starting and malfunctioning.



WARNING!

If devices e.g. dosing pumps with inductive loads with a nominal current of 1 A and above are connected to a relay, the contacts in the relay may be bonded. Thus, the device will operate in an uncontrolled manner. This may also result in an overdosing of chemicals. To prevent the output relays from bonding if the load circuit shorts, they must be protected separately on the maximum relay switching current. For inductive loads, protective circuit must be applied to the relay contacts (spark suppression). The manufacturer recommends the use of the interference suppression module / spark suppression device.

4.5.6 Replacing the battery

The life of the battery (Type VARTA, CR1/2 AA, 2 Volt, Lithium) provided with the internal instrument clock is approx. 5 - 10 years. When the batteries wears out a warning message will be displayed. The battery is welded on the display circuit board in the front housing. It can only be replaced by a person skilled in soldering.



Fig. 9: Battery for internal clock, on the display circuit board.

4.6 TOPAX on the EASYPRO water sampling station

If the TOPAX is set up on an EASYPRO water sampling station, it controls the illumination of the LEDs. The LEDs of the sensors are controlled via the measured values. The LEDs illuminate green when the measured values lie within the set range. Leaving these ranges causes the LEDs to illuminate red.

TThe DIN contact must be activated in the control.



4.7 Terminal clips of the main board and the technical components

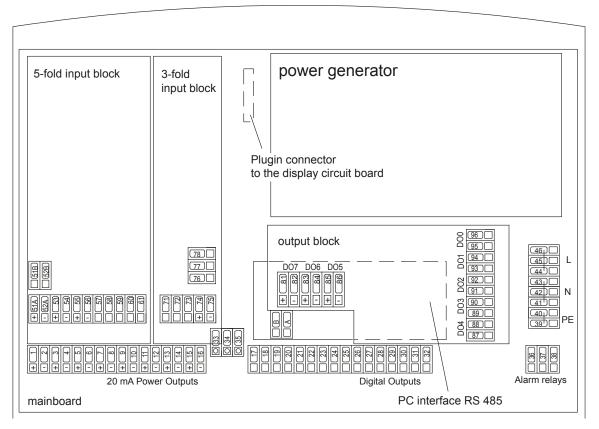


Fig. 10: Rear part of the housing with the main board, the input module 5-fold, the input module 3-fold, the output module and the partly hidden PC interface.

4.7.1 Main board

Term	inal	Function			
Analo	Analogueue power outputs 0/420 mA (also see chapter 11)				
1	+	Measurement output	Disinfection		
2	-	0/420 mA			
3	+	Measurement output	pH value		
4	-	0/420 mA			
5	+	Measurement output	Redox		
6	-	0/420 mA			
7	+	Measurement output	Temperature or programmed as controller output		
8	-	0/420 mA			
9	+	Measurement output	combined chlorine or programmed		
10	-	0/420 mA	as controller output		
11	+	Measurement output	conductivity or programmed as		
12	-	0/420 mA	controller output		
13	+	Continuous control	programmed as controller output		
14	-	output 0/420 mA			
15	+	Continuous control	programmed as controller output		
16	-	output 0/420 mA			



ATTENTION!

The constant regulating outputs 0/40 ... 20 mA of the main board are also allocated automatically in the software configuration as per a fixed rank order of the terminals, in accordance with the allocation procedure for the output components.

Ranking of the outputs for automatic allocation:

- 1. Control output Disinfection
- 2. Control output pH value
- 3. Controller output for combined chlorine
- 4. Controller output for conductivity
- 5. Flocculation pump output

In the same way the clamps are assigned in a firm order.

- Terminals 15/16
- Terminals 13/14
- Terminals 11/12
- Terminals 9/10
- Terminals 7/8

The clip allocation is automatically displayed at the end of the configuration.

Operating instructions



Terminal		Function			
Digita	Digital inputs				
17		potential free input	measuring water shortage *)		
18]				
19		potential free input	filter cleaning *)		
20]				
21]	potential free input	low level alert Controller 1 **)		
22					
23		potential free input	level alarm Controller 1 **)		
24					
25		potential free input	low level alert Controller 2 **)		
26					
27		potential free input	level alarm Controller 2 **)		
28					
29		potential free input	activate night mode operation		
30					
31		potential free input	not used		
32					
		N or normally OFF)N or normally OFF or not :	activo		
33		internal	interface for software updates		
34	B	PC interface	interface for software updates		
35	GND				
36		alarm relay as common	Opener		
37		alarm	middle contact		
38 39	PE	protoctivo conductor	Closer Voltage: 90 up to 264 V AC		
39 40	PE	protective conductor	vollage. 90 up to 204 v AC		
40	N	neutral conductor	-		
41	N	neutral conductor			
42	N				
44		phase			
45		pridoo			
46					
TU	L -				

4.7.2 Input module (5x)

Terminal		Function	Cable colour	Comment	
51A 52A	+ Disinfection (amperometric measuring cell type CS 120) Electrode mating copper/platinum or silver/platinum possible		variant A and variant B can be only used as an alternative		
51B	+	- total chlorine measu	ring cell		
52B	-	 (420 mA) membrane covered cell Disinfection (0/420 mA) (20 mA input with 24 V DC sensor power) 			
53	+	pH value			
54	-				
55	+	Redox			
56	-				
57		Temperature			
58		(polarity at wish)			
59		potentiometer with positional feedback for servo motor (polarity of clips 59 and 61 at wish)			
60	Driver				
61					

4.7.3 Input module (3x)

Terr	ninal	Function	Cable colour	
71	Reference electrode (with integrated cable)	(potentiostatic (Glass): black measuring Counter electr cell) less steel): red	· /	
72	Counter electrode Stainless steel		Counter electrode (Stain- less steel): red Measuring electrode (gold):	
73	Measuring electrode (gold)		purple	
74	+	20 mA passive (no supply to the sensor) - conductivity measurement or disturbance variable		
75	-			
76		Potentiometer with positional feedback for		
77	Driver	Servo motor. (polarity of clips 76 and 78 at wish)		
78				

4.7.4 Output module

Termi- nal		Output	
81	+	Electronic output (D07) (Optocoupler)	configurable
82	-		
83	+	Electronic output (DO6) (Optocoupler)	configurable
84	-		
85			not available
86			
87		Relay output (DO 4)	configurable
88			
89		Relay output (DO 3)	configurable
90			
91		Relay output (DO 2)	configurable
92			
93		Relay output (DO 1)	configurable
94			
95		Relay output (DO 0)	configurable
96			



ATTENTION!

The constant regulating outputs 0/40-20 mA of the output components are also allocated automatically in the software configuration as per a fixed rank order of the terminals, in accordance with the allocation procedure for the main board.

The outputs are allocated according to ranking:

- 1. Disinfection controller
- 2. Controller pH value
- 3. Controller combined chlorine
- 4. Controller conductivity
- 5. DIN contact
- 6. Eco-contact
- 7. Flocculation contact

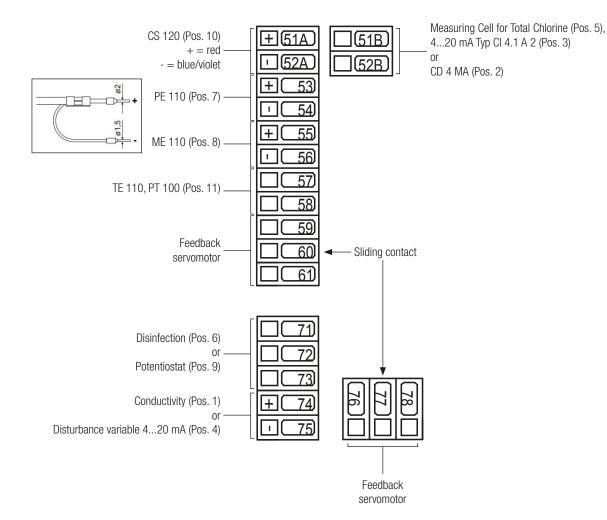
Depending upon output type, TOPAX DX selects the next free relay output or optocoupler. The clamps are assigned in a firm order: clamps 87/88 to 95/96 for relays, or 81/82 to 83/84 for optocouplers.



4.8 Input configuration

No.	Article name	Function	Terminal
1	Conductivity Transmitter and Measuring Cell 20/60 mS/cm	Conductivity	74 + 75
2	Diaphragm-covered Measuring Cell Type CD 4 MA	Chlorine dioxide	51B + 52B
3	Diaphragm-covered Sensor 420 mA Type CI 4.1 A 2	Free chlorine	51B + 52B
4	Disturbance variable 4-20 mA	Disturbance variable*	74 + 75
5	Measuring Cell for Total Chlorine	Total chlorine	51B + 52B
6	Measuring Electrode for Disinfection Measuring, Reference Electrode for Disinfection Measuring	Free chlorine	71 + 72 + 73
7	pH Single-Rod Measuring Cell PE110	pН	52 + 53
8	Redox Single-Rod Measuring Cell ME110	ORP	54 + 55
9	Reference Electrode for Potentiostat; SS Electrode for Potentiostat 1.4571; Gold Electrode for Potentiostat	Free chlorine	71 + 72 + 73
10	Residual Chlorine Measuring Cell CS120	Free chlorine	51A + 52A
11	Resistance Thermometer TE 110, PT100	Temperatur	56 + 57

Overview





4.9 Output configuration

No.	Article name	Output	Configuration	Signal type	Terminal
1	C7700 20mA	Current output	Current output (20mA)	analogue	
2	C7700 3-p-s	Relay (3 step)	3 point step with poti	digital]
3	EASYZON D/Da	Current output	Current output (20mA)	analogue]
4	MAGDOS DE, DX, LT, LDp, LD, LK, LP	Opto coupler output	Impulsefrequency (opto)	digital	
5	MAGDOS LA, LP, DX	Current output	Current output (20mA)	analogue	
6	MAGDOS LB bis 2018	Relay (with power relay*)	On/off	digital	
7	MAGDOS LDp, LD, LK, LP, LB ab 2018	Relay	On/off	digital	
8	MEMDOS DX, LA, LP	Current output	Current output (20mA)	analogue	.6.3
9	MEMDOS DX, LP	Opto coupler output	Impulsefrequency (opto)	digital	See TOPAX menu configuration 0.6.3
10	MEMDOS E, LB	Relay (with motor protection*)	On/off	digital	gurat
11	MEMDOS SMART LB, LD, LK, LP	Relaisausgang	On/off	digital	confi
12	MEMDOS SMART LD, LK, LP	Opto coupler output	Impulsefrequency (opto)	digital	nue
13	MEMDOS SMART LP	Current output	Current output (20mA)	analogue	Ĩ Ă
14	MIDIDOS E	Relay (with motor protection*)	On/off	digital	TOP/
15	MINIDOS A	Relay (with motor protection*)	On/off	digital	See
16	Peristaltic pump	Relay (with motor protection*)	Impulselength (relais)	digital]
17	Technoline SC	Relay	Impulselength (relais), min. 300s	digital	
18	Technoline SC	Relay	On/off	digital]
19	Technomat PS	Relay	Impulselength (relais), min. 300s	digital]
20	Technomat PS	Relay	On/off	digital	
21	Technostar 2000 AT	Current output	Current output (20mA)	analogue]
22	Technostar ST-30	Current output	Current output (20mA)	analogue]

* Accessories

Menu configuration 0.6.3



DANGER!

Open the housing of the TOPAX controller with disconnected power supply only! Secure the power supply to prevent it from being switched on again.

The assignment of the output terminals depends on the connected devices and their configuration. The required terminals are shown in the menu 0.6.3. The following steps will take you in that menu.

Precondition for action:

- The TOPAX controller has been successfully installed in accordance with section "4.5 Electrical installation" on page 9.
- The TOPAX controller is disconnected from the power supply.
- The housing of the TOPAX controller is closed.

Perform the following steps:

1. Establish the power supply of the TOPAX controller.

2. Wait until the device is booted.

3. Now press the following keys to get to the configuration menu:

- "OK",
- "menu 2",
- "service",
- "OK",
 edit"
- "edit".

4. Now you are able to change the configuration of the different input and output terminals. Choose the configuration of the output terminals appropriate to the table above and confirm each entry with "next" until you reached menu 0.5.

5. Press "save" and confirm with "OK". Now you can see the new configuration and the required terminals.

6. Press "next" until you reached menu 0.6.3. Now you see the output terminals you have to connect your devices with. Note the numbers of the required terminals.

7. Press "next" and confirm with "OK".

8. Disconnect the power supply of the TOPAX controller, open the housing and connect your devices to the required terminals.

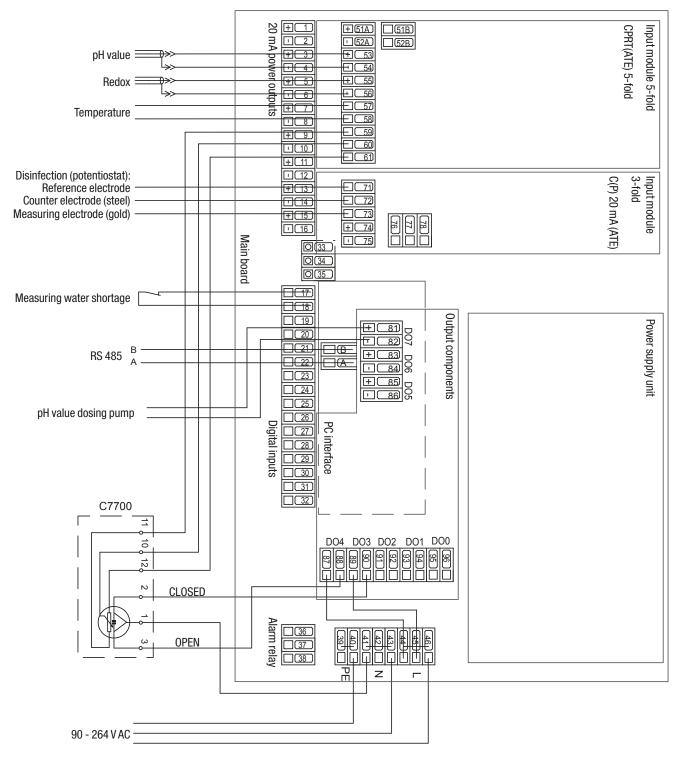
9. Check the correct control of your devices and make corrections if necessary.

The TOPAX controller can now control the connected devices.



4.9.1 Installation example with C 7700

Sensors connection		Controller connection	on
Disinfection:	Potentialstatic electrode	Disinfection:	C 7700 (servo motor with potentiometer)
pH value:	Single-rod measuring cell	pH value:	Solenoid-driven dosing pumps
Redox:	Single-rod measuring cell		(Pulse frequency optocoupler)
		Other:	Connection of PC interface RS 485

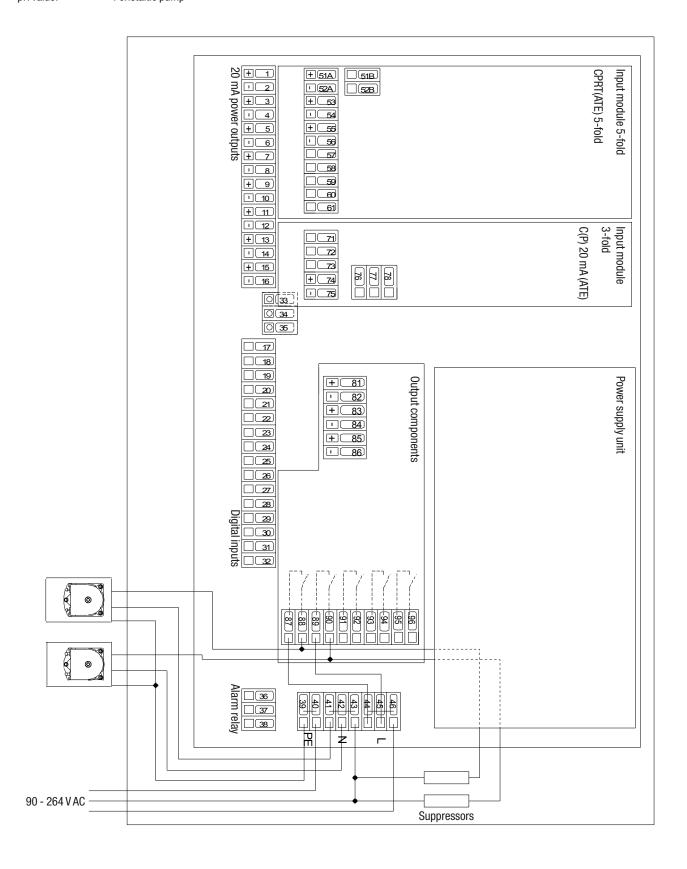




4.9.2 Installation example with peristaltic pumps

Controller connection

Disinfection:	Peristaltic pump
pH value:	Peristaltic pump





4.10 Operation and keyboard layout

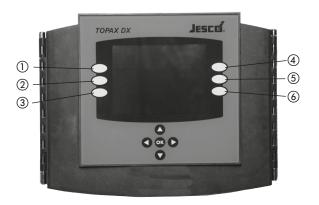


Fig. 11: Housing of the TOPAX DX with operating panel. The keys are integrated in a keyboard and react to contact.

Keys	Functions
Arrow key cross	 Menu change in the "Service" menu Change between individual numbers Change numerical values, adjust parameters Press the key to change from one menu item to the other. Numeric values are entered and modified continuously.
"OK" key between the arrow keys	Accept and store inputs Saving is confirmed by a long beep noise.
Key (1): "ESC"	Exit the menu, one level back Terminate input without saving
Key (1): "ESC" (press down for 5 seconds)	Return to the main menu
Keys (2) - (6)	The functions of the keys vary according to the menu and are displayed respectively.

Tab.: Key layout of the TOPAX DX

If the device is not operated for approx. five minutes, the controller returns automatically to measuring mode. Changed parameters not confirmed with the OK key are not saved.

Exception: this time restriction does not apply during calibration and configuration.



NOTE

If no values or settings are to be changed, press "ESC" to exit the selected menus at any time. The controller uses the inital settings. Values confirmed and settinas are "OK" and with the button. saved The exception to this rule are the "clock" and "timer" functions. They can be modified without confirmation.

General input rules:

- All values can only be changed within the permissible range.
- The function of the keys is indicated by a sound.
- A 60-second keyboard lock allows for cleaning of the glass surface. To activate the keyboard lock in the main menu, press the "Up" arrow key and confirm with the "OK" key.
- Some functions can be protected by a password against unauthorized access (see "19.1.24 Menus 5.9 and 5.10: Code und service password" on page 41).

4.11 First set-up and programming guidelines

After correct installation, switch on the power supply.

The TOPAX DX is programmed by the manufacturer based on customers specs before shipment and is supplied along with a terminal connection diagram. Failure of the customer to supply instructions on his purchase order, TOPAX DX shall be programmed by the manufacturer to the standard default settings (see chapter "21 Default settings" on page 43).

For the initial start-up the operator has to configure the TOPAX DX and set its sensors and the installed actuating elements as well as set special functions. TOPAX DX will automatically assign the right inputs and outputs based on these data and the corresponding terminals will be indicated. Ineffective or impossible configurations (for instance double assignment of the outputs) are not admissible.

After a successful configuration the TOPAX DX starts up with a standard display (see chapter "19.1.1 Standard display" on page 34). A subsequent renewed configuration can be carried out via the Service-Menu (see chapter "19.1.13 Menu 0.4.0: Configuration" on page 40).

IMPORTANT!

All menus of TOPAX DX are shown a ID-number marked in the bottom line on the left display corner.

4.11.1 Back-lighting

The backlighting of the TOPAX DX controller automatically dims after c. 10 minutes; a blue LED illuminates under the arrow key cross.

Once any key is pressed, the LED goes out and the backlight turns on again.

4.11.2 Choice of Language

After a short hardware test the during initial start-up, the TOPAX DX displays the start page for configuration. This screen is shown until one of the following buttons has been pressed to select the language (2) (German), (3) (English), (5) (French) or (6) (further languages ">>").

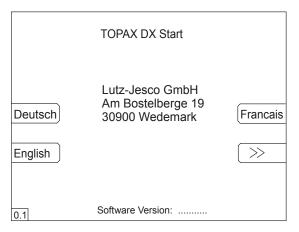


Fig. 12: Home page for the configuration of language choice

4.11.3 Further languages - Memory card

Besides the fixed installed languages of German and English there is other language data for the TOPAX DX. This can be written on an external data storage unit, a Memory card, and then imported by the TOPAX DX. For further questions regarding the availability of languages please ask the manufacturer.

The memory card with the language data is inserted on the display board in the upper casing (see chapter "22 Memory card" on page 44).



The additional languages are available during configuration under (further languages ">>").

Press the (6) button and select the desired language using the arrow buttons \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown . Confirm with the "OK" key. The language is loaded into TOPAX DX.

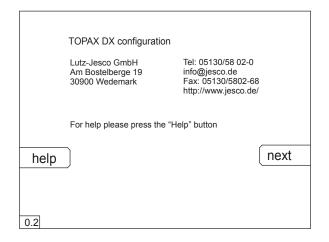


Fig. 13: Menu 0.2: Home page for the configuration of language choice

After having chosen the language the TOPAX DX moves to the menu 0.2. Now you can start directly with the configuration, select key (3) ("next"), and/or the Help-Menu, key (6) ("help").

4.11.4 Help-Menu

The Help Menu is available as a point of help for many menu points. By pressing a random key the TOPAX DX returns to the previous menu again.

4.11.5 Menu 0.4: Configuration of the terminals for sensors and actuating elements.

After having chosen the language the TOPAX DX moves to the menu 0.2. By pressing the "next" key, the TOPAX DX goes to menu 0.4.1.

The TOPAX DX checks by means of the installed components, which connections are possible and offers per the connections presents a choice in Options.

4.11.6 Menu 0.4.1: Input Disinfection

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown you can select between the following options:

- 2-electrode measuring cell CS 120 or
- Potentiostat (PM)
- Diaphragm-covered measuring cell
- Redox single-rod measuring cell
- Total chlorine measuring cell

Note

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "next" key or \blacktriangleright . The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu.



The configuration does not run automatically through all the menus shown here. It depends on the configuration of the TOPAX DX on delivery. The configuration is saved when you have gone through all menus.

4.11.7 Menu 0.4.2: Output Disinfection

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown you can select between the options:

- Servomotor with potentiometer
- Servomotor without potentiometer
- Pulse frequency (Optocoupler)
- Pulse frequency (relay)
- Pulse length (relay)
- Continuous control output (20 mA)
- ON/OFF (relay)
 No controller function
- No controller function

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or \blacktriangleright . The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu.

The key "back" or ◀ leads to the previous menu.

4.11.8 Menu 0.4.3: pH output

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown you can select between the options:

- Servomotor with potentiometer
- Servomotor without potentiometer
- Pulse frequency (Optocoupler)
- Pulse frequency (relay)
- Pulse length (relay)
- Continuous output (20 mA)
- 2-sides pulse frequency (relay) (Optocoupler)
- 2-sides pulse frequency (relay) (Relay)
- 2-sides pulse length (relay)
- ON/OFF (relay)
- No controller function

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or \blacktriangleright . The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu.

The key "back" or \blacktriangleleft leads to the previous menu.

4.11.9 Menu 0.4.4: Input Redox

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown you can select between the options:

- ON
- 0FF

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or \blacktriangleright . The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu. The key "back" or \blacktriangleleft leads to the previous menu.

4.11.10 Menu 0.4.5: Input temperature

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown you can select between the options:

- ON
- 0FF

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or \blacktriangleright . The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu. The key "back" or \blacktriangleleft leads to the previous menu.

4.11.11 Menu 0.4.6: Total chlorine input

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown you can select between the options:

- ON
- OFF

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or \blacktriangleright . The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu. The key "back" or \blacktriangleleft leads to the previous menu.



4.11.12 Menu 0.4.7: Combined chlorine output

(The menu is only availabe, if ON was selected for "Total chlorine input" in menu 0.4.6)

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \checkmark you can select between the options:

- Pulse frequency (Optocoupler)
- Pulse frequency (relay) •
- ٠ Pulse length (relay)
- Continuous output (20 mA) ٠
- ON/OFF (relay)
- No controller function

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or ►. The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu. The key "back" or ◀ leads to the previous menu.

4.11.13 Menu 0.4.8: Conductivity input

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown you can select between the options:

- ON •
- OFF

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or ►. The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu. The key "back" or ◀ leads to the previous menu.

4.11.14 Menu 0.4.9: Conductivity output

(The menu is only availabe, if ON was selected for "Conductivity input" in menu 0.4.8)

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \triangledown you can select between the options:

- Pulse frequency (Optocoupler) •
- Pulse frequency (relay) •
- Pulse length (relay)
- Continuous output (20 mA) •
- ON/OFF (relay)
- No controller function

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or ▶. The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu.

The key "back" or ◀ leads to the previous menu.

4.11.15 Menu 0.4.10: Flocculation pump output

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \triangledown you can select between the options:

- Pulse frequency (Optocoupler)
- Pulse frequency (relay)
- Pulse length (relay)
- Continuous output (20 mA)
- ON/OFF (relay)
- OFF •

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or ►. The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu.

The key "back" or ◀ leads to the previous menu.

4.11.16 Menu 0.4.11: DIN-Contact output

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \checkmark you can select between the options:

- Relay contact
- Optocoupler
- ECO control mode ٠
- OFF •

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or ▶. The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu. The key "back" or ◀ leads to the previous menu.

4.11.17 Menu 0.4.12: ECO control output

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \checkmark you can select between the options:

- Optocoupler
- Relay contact

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "OK", "next" key or ▶. The TOPAX DX then goes to the next menu.

4.11.18 Menu 0.4.13: Disturbance variable input

(The menu is only availabe, if OFF was selected for "Conductivity input" in menu 0.4.8)

With the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \checkmark you can select between the options:

- 0...20 mA
- 4...20 mA
- OFF •

The selected option is highlighted in grey. The entry is confirmed with the "next" key or ▶.

To go back to the previous menu, press the key "back" or ◀.

4.11.19 Menu 0.5: Completing the configuration

The TOPAX DX moves immediately on to the configuration, at the latest after menu 0.4.13, in the finalising menu (menu 0.5) and shows the chosen configuration with all the previously chosen options in the total overview.

The configuration is saved with the "save" key and the finalising confirmation key "OK" and the TOPAX DX moves to the next menu 0.6.1.

The configuration starts from the beginning again with the key "back". The TOPAX DXthen goes to menu 0.4.1.

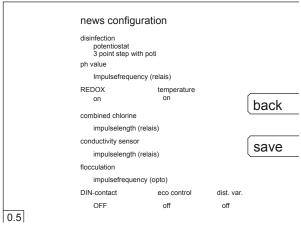


Fig. 14: Menu 0.5: Overview from all selected options. A changed configuration will be displayed red.

4.11.20 Menu 0.6: Terminal connection clips

According to the chosen Options the TOPAX DX determines the relevant terminal connections and shows this in menus 0.6.1 to 0.6.4 (each by number of connections).





	new configuration check clamps and setu	0
	input clamps analog	
next	disinfection pH value REDOX temperature total chlorine sensor	71 - 72 - 73 53 - 54 55 - 56 57 - 58 51B - 52B
0.6.1	connect only with main voltage off	

Fig. 15: Menu 0.6.1: Example of a new configuration and the relevant terminal connection plan. A changed configuration will be displayed red.



NOTE

Make a note of the given connections on the preprint in chapter "24 Terminal connection diagram for own configurations" on page 46.

In order to move between the individual menus 0.6.1 to 0.6.4, press either the "next" or the "back" key, or the arrow keys \blacktriangle und \blacktriangledown .

To finalise the total configuration confirm the connection plan with the "OK" key. After confirming the configuration the TOPAX DX restarts and switches to the standard display.

More information about the TOPAX DX menu structure are given in chapter "19 Menu configuration and main settings" on page 34.

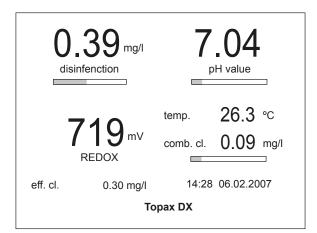


Fig. 16: Standard display with the measuring values.



NOTE

At start-up the controller outputs of your TOPAX DX will be function-less for approx 60 seconds. This time is required to stabilize the electrochemical sensors connected. During the start phase the status display indicates "Start in ...s" (seconds are shown). After this period of time, the TOPAX DX is ready for operation.



NOTE

In order to prevent unauthorised manipulation, the TOPAX DX has a password protection (see chapter "19.1.24 Menus 5.9 and 5.10: Code und service password" on page 41)

4.12 Next steps

After a successful configuration the next steps should be:

- Connect the sensors and the actuators if not already connected
 Calibrate the sensors to the measuring output (see chapter "5
- Measuring values inputs" on page 22 and "6 Explanation of digital signal inputs" on page 27)
- Set up the set point of the measuring inputs (see chapter "19.1.3 Menu 1.1: Setpoints" on page 35)
- Set up the controller (see chapter "19.1.7 Menu 2.1: adjust controller" on page 37)
- Configuration of the regulating output (see chapter "7 Explanation of measuring values outputs" on page 27)

NOTE

The configuration of the in- and output can be recalled via the point configuration in the menu "service" whilst in operation (see chapter "19.1.12 Menu 5: Services" on page 39). Here the changes to the terminal plan are written in red figures.



5 Measuring values inputs

This section describes the chemical and physical correlations which are necessary to understand the behaviour of the measurement inputs.

The measurement inputs are processed for:

- Disinfection
- pH value Redox potential
- Temperature
- Total chlorine and display of combined chlorine
- Conductivity

A key element is the calibration of the sensors.



ATTENTION!

When set up the unit for the first time, care should be taken to perform individual calibration of each output immediately after connecting the sensors in the system. The TOPAX DX monitors all calibration processes based on reasonable parameters (zero point and transconductance). The readings are recorded. Non calibrated and "poorly" calibrated measurements inputs are shown in text form. "Poorly calibrated" measurements are shown in the main display in red.



ATTENTION!

Note that time delays are possible due to the run-in periods for the sensors.

The limits for "poorly calibrated" are:

Measurement	Limits
pH value transconductance	<40 mV/pH or > 61 mV/pH
pH zero point	< -40mV or > 40mV
slope rate Redox	< 0.85 mV / mV or > 1.2 mV / mV
slope rate chlorine at amperometric or potentiostatic meas- uring cell	< 3 μA / mg/l or > 100μA / mg/l
slope rate chlorine with encapsulated electrode (02.00 mg/l)	< 3mA / mg/l or > 13mA / mg/l
slope rate chlorine with encapsulated electrode (0-5.00/10.00 mg/l)	< 1mA / mg/l or > 5.2mg/l

The "poorly calibrated" display is only for reference and provides information on the calibration quality and the state of the electrochemical sensors.

Look for calibration faults and eliminate them. Replace the sensors as soon as possible, if necessary. You can use the sensors unchanged until replacement.

5.1 Measurement input Disinfection

The free chlorine measurement depends on the pH value of the water sample. This is based on the reaction of the chloride ions at different pH values. This relationship further determines the chlorine dissociation curve.

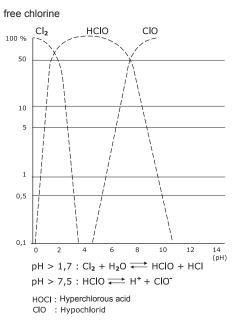


Fig. 17: The dissociation curve shows the dependence on the pH value

For photometric measurements the pH value of the sample is buffered to approx. pH 6.5. As a result the measurement has a higher effective chlorine content than is actually in the process water. For high pH-values significant differences will therefore occur between the expected and actual disinfection if assessed by photometric analysis. The main display will show therefore 2 free chlorine values: The photometry value and the effective chlorine content ("eff. chlorine") to kill germs at the current pH value.

5.1.1 Technical data

The current signal for disinfection is sent to the measurement value input by an amperometric measuring cell (2 electrode excess chlorine measuring cells) a potentiostatic measuring cell or a diaphragm covered measuring cell (measuring signal 4...20 mA).

Following measuring ranges are possible:

Sensor type	Measuring range
Amperometric electrode (Excess chlorine detector with 2 electrodes Type: CS 120)	0-1.00 mg/l 0-2.00 mg/l 0-5.00 mg/l 0-10.00 mg/l
potentialstatic electrode (Type: PM)	0-1.00 mg/l or 0-2.00 mg/l
Encapsulated electrode (Type: Cl 4.1 A 2)	20 mA type; Set measuring range based on type of detector
Accuracy	\pm 1 % after calibration

5.1.2 Calibration of amperometric, excess chlorine detector with 2 electrodes (CS120)

Before starting the calibration, the upper value of the measuring range of the sensor must be defined in the TOPAX DX (see chapter "19.1.16 Menu 5.1: Inputs" on page 40).

Then the input must be calibrated using a two-point calibration (see section "19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration" on page 35):

The physical measurement (µA) measured on the measuring cell is shown on the display during calibration.

Reference value 1: Zero point calibration

To perform zero-point calibration, operate the detector in chlorine-free water or just stop the water flow through the instrument. The value of the physical quantity shown on the display (approx 5-10 μ A) can be saved as soon as it stops changing. The device automatically changes to the next menu section.

Reference value 2: DPD

The sensor is operated with sample water. If the physical value on the display does not change anymore, the chlorine concentration in the sample water is determined by means of the DPD method. In order to avoid signal variations and consequent reading errors, water must be taken at the sensing element and the actual signal must be saved directly in the TOPAX DX upon taking of the water sample. The chlorine content in the sample water is determined by means of the DPD method. The measurement must be set in the controller and saved by pressing OK.

After storage the transconductance value of the chlorine sensor is shown. The typical resistivity value is approx. 25-35 µA (depending on water type) per mg/l of free chlorine. The plausibility of the transconductance measurement is monitored throughout the process.

1-point calibration is sufficient (reference value 2) for validation of the chlorine content after optimization.

5.1.3 Calibration of potentialstatic measuring cell (PM)

Before starting the calibration, the upper value of the measuring range of the sensor must be defined in the TOPAX DX (see chapter "19.1.16 Menu 5.1: Inputs" on page 40).

Then the input must be calibrated using a one-point calibration (see section "19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration" on page 35):

Adjustment is to be performed as "single-point adjustment" as a matter of course. Should the zero point have been set incorrectly by mistake, it can be reset via two-point adjustment using chlorine-free water or by pinching off the measuring electrode (gold electrode). Two-point adjustment may only be performed with a hot water installation.

Calibration method: DPD

The sensor is operated with sample water. A nearly stable physical value should be displayed. In order to avoid signal variations and consequent reading errors, water must be taken at the sensing element and the actual signal must be saved directly in the TOPAX DX upon taking of the water sample. The chlorine content in the sample water is determined by means of the DPD method. The measurement must be set in the controller and saved by pressing OK.

After storage the transconductance value of the chlorine sensor is shown. The typical resistivity value is approx. 35 µA (depending on water type) per mg/l of free chlorine.

The plausibility of the transconductance measurement is monitored throughout the process.

After calibration of the free-chlorine is completed, you may eventually switch to calibration of the total chlorine detector by simply pressing on "continue".



ATTENTION!

With operation in a hot water system, electrochemical processes on the measuring electrode can result in a displacement of the zero point. In this case, twopoint adjustment is required. The zero point is to be adjusted using chlorine-free hot water. Then, set the slope of the measuring cell in accordance with the DPD method.

ES

NOTE



When measuring the free chlorine with a potentiostat it is possible to perform a compensation of the pH-value and the temperature. This is done by connecting a pH-electrode and a temperature sensor to TOPAX DX (see chapter "19.1.16 Menu 5.1: Inputs" on page 40)

5.1.4 Calibration of encapsulated electrode

ATTENTION!

Before starting the calibration, the upper value of the measuring range of the sensor must be defined in the TOPAX DX (see chapter "19.1.16 Menu 5.1: Inputs" on page 40).

Then the input must be calibrated using a one-point or two-point calibration (see section "19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration" on page 35):



When measuring free chlorine by means of a fully encapsulated electrode, make sure to connect both terminal clips 51 B and 52 B. These clips are respectively used to feed the 20 mA signal of the electrode into the controller and to supply 24 V DC operating power to the sensing electronics of the electrode.

Zero-point calibration (in case of 2-point calibration)

Zero point calibration of the sensing electrode is normally not a must-requirement, as tuning of the 4...20 mA output signal of the electrode is done on input 4...20 mA (4 mA corresponds to 0.00 mg/l free chlorine).

However, a zero-point calibration may be still required due to the tolerances of the sensing electronics of the electrode. For this reason the zero-point must be set upon first setup of the instrument. For this purpose the measuring water extraction must be operated with chlorine-free water.

Calibration method: DPD

The sensor is operated with sample water. A nearly stable physical value should be displayed. In order to avoid signal variations and consequent reading errors, water must be taken at the sensing element and the actual signal must be saved directly in the TOPAX DX upon taking of the water sample. The chlorine content in the sample water is determined by means of the DPD method. The measurement must be set in the controller and saved by pressing OK.

After storage the transconductance value of the chlorine sensor is shown.

The plausibility of the transconductance measurement is monitored throughout the process.



The signal from the excess-chlorine sensing detector is converted by the electrode into an impressed current pulse of 4...20 mA. Whenever your TOPAX DX features a lower value than 3.5 mA, an alert message is displayed "total chlorine sensor failure", the alarm relay is switched.



5.2 pH value measurement input

5.2.1 Technical data

Power output	Values
Input	Voltage signal from a pH single-rod measuring cell
Input resistance	10 ⁹ ohms
Measuring accuracy	1 % (after calibration)

The ph single-rod measuring cell supplies a voltage which is proportional to the pH value. This voltage is defined by the Nernst voltage. The Nernst voltage is the change in voltage per pH unit. It depends on the temperature of the medium to be measured (see corresponding technical literature or German Standard DIN 19261).

The following table shows the temperature dependence of the Nernst voltage:

t (°C)	U (mV)	t (°C)	U (mV)	t (°C)	U (mV)
0	54.20	35	61.14	70	68.08
5	55.19	40	62.13	75	69.08
10	56.18	45	63.12	80	70.07
15	57.17	50	64.12	85	71.06
20	58.16	55	65.11	90	72.05
25	59.16	60	66.10	95	73.04
30	60.15	65	67.09	100	74.04

The Nernst voltage is measured between the pH glass electrode and a reference electrode. These two electrodes are physically integrated in a pH single-rod measuring cell.

5.2.2 Calibration

Calibration of the single-rod measuring cell may be performed via a "2-point calibration" with 2 buffer solutions or a "single point calibration" with subsequent input of the single-rod measuring cell transconductance. The mandatory conditions for using 1-point calibration, is that the resistivity of the sensing electrode must be previously measured in a lab.

The actual voltage of the electrode and the design value of buffer solution are displayed on the TOPAX DX during calibration so that the electrode can be actually graded while performing the calibration process. This allows the rating of the single-rod measuring cell to be determined during calibration, assuming fresh buffer solutions.

The response time for a new single-rod measuring chain is a few seconds and is set when the physical reading becomes stable. For older single-rod measuring cells the response time may be longer.

The single-rod measuring cell is directly connected to the input terminals of the circuit board of the input module 5-fold.

5.2.3 2-point calibration

The physical measuring value (mV) on the electrode is displayed in the menu (see chapter "19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration" on page 35) along with the design measuring value that should be ideally assessed for the Ph.

Buffer 1: Zero point calibration

Submerge the pH combination electrode in a buffer solution which is equivalent or close to the zero point of the electrode. The ideal electrode zero-point (0 mV) is at a pH of 7.00. However, the real zero-point shows minimum variations as against this minimum value. For zero-point calibration a Lutz-Jesco buffer solution of pH 6.80 is available. When immersing the pH single-rod measuring cell in this solution, a voltage of 12 mV can be displayed on the TOPAX DX theoretically. The physical

value actually measured is, however, always different from the thero-retical one.

When the physical value on the display becomes stable you can save the reference value with "OK".



IMPORTANT!

Should the actual measured voltage strongly differ from the design zero-point of the electrode, it means there is a zero-point drift of the electrode. This should not exceed the specifications of the DIN Standards 19265. In the event of zero-point drift exceeding \pm 40 mV, TOPAX DX warns you about possible bad prove calibration.

Buffer 2: Transconductance calibration

Clean the single-rod measuring cell before calibrating the transconductance (flush out with distilled water).



ATTENTION!

Avoid rubbing off glass electrodes as this will produce a static charge on the electrode. This would result in faulty readings.

For transconductance calibration a buffer solution must be used which differs at least 2 pH units from the zero point. For transconductance calibration the manufacturer offers a buffer solution of pH 9.27. Should you use a different buffer solution for calibration of the resistivity, you first need to set TOPAX DX to the pH of your other solution. When soaking the Ph-electrode in this buffer solution (Ph = 9.27), a voltage of -134 mV should be displayed on the TOPAX DX. The physical value actually measured however always differs from the theoretical one. Confirm presetting by pressing "OK".

The transconductance value of the single-rod measuring cell is then displayed. In accordance with DIN 19265 the transconductance of the single-rod measuring cell should lie between 52 and 59 mV per pH-value. Zero-point stability and accuracy of the measured resistivity are consistently monitored.

IMPORTANT!

If the slope value differs considerably from these values, check the combination electrode or the connecting cable and the plug connectors. If the "zero-point" and "transconductance" values of the single-rod measuring cell exceed the tolerances, the system notifies the operator with a warning message. The measuring cell should then be replaced as soon as possible.

buffer solution	voltage value
3.06	229.15 mV
4.65	136.68 mV
6.80	11.63 mV
9.27	-132.02 mV

Tab.: Theroretical voltage value of different buffer solutions at 20°C

IMPORTANT! Store buffer s

Store buffer solutions in a cool and dark place. Consider their useful life. Make sure that the buffer solution is not contaminated. For this reason single-rod measuring cells should not be moved directly from one buffer solution to another.



5.2.4 1-point calibration

Single-point calibration may also be used for pH calibration with a single-rod measuring cell (see section "19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration" on page 35).

Submerge the pH combination electrode in a buffer solution which is equivalent or close to the zero point of the electrode. The ideal electrode zero-point (0 mV) is at a pH of 7.00. However, the real zero-point shows minimum variations as against this minimum value. For the zero point calibration a buffer solution of pH 6.80 (TOPAX DX default setting) is available from the manufacturer.

When immersing the pH single-rod measuring cell in this solution, a voltage of 12 mV can be displayed on the TOPAX DX theoretically. The measured physical value however always differs from the theoretical one.

When the physical value on the display becomes stable you can save the reference value with "OK".

Now enter the transconductance of the single-rod measuring cell.



IMPORTANT!

If the actual measured voltage differs significantly from the theoretical zero-point of the measuring cell, there is a zero-point drift on the measuring cell. Zero-point drift should not exceed the specifications of the DIN 19265 (±40 mV).

5.2.5 Offset compensation

In accordance with DIN 19643, the pH value should be checked via an electro-metric pH value measurement.

External influences can cause the pH value of the electro-metric measurement, measured by hand with the photometer, to deviate by a constant value. The menu "offset alignment" offers the posibility to eliminate the difference.



ATTENTION!

The offset value is set to "0" after each new calibration.

5.3 Measurement output Redox potential

5.3.1 Technical data

Power output	Values
Input	Voltage signal of a Redox single-rod measuring cell (0-1000 mV)
Input resistance	10 ⁹ ohm
Measuring accuracy	1 % (after calibration)

The Redox potential is measured with the help of the Redox single-rod measuring cell. It measures the voltage which exists in the water due to oxidizing and reducing ions.

5.3.2 Calibration

Calibrate the single-rod measuring cell during startup. For calibration of the Redox single-rod measuring cell only one reference value must be set. The physical measurement on the measuring cell (mV) is shown on the display during calibration.

For calibration a buffer solution is required in order to measure a defined voltage in connection with the Redox combination electrode. (given value: 468 mV). This value can be changed when using other buffer solutions or when using single-rod measuring cells with other electrolytes. To change, use the buttons in the operating cross. The actual voltage measured is shown on the display during calibration. This reading differs slightly from the fixed buffer solution value. The deviation should not exceed 10% approximately.

The plausibility of the transconductance measurement is monitored throughout the process.

After a reaction time (approx. 1 minute) the physical value does not change anymore.

The reference value can be now adjusted and saved by pressing OK .



IMPORTANT!

With older single-rod measuring cells the response time can increase or the reading differ significantly from the buffer solution value. This indicates that the single-rod measuring cell must be checked and replaced if necessary.

The single-rod measuring cell is directly connected to the input terminals of the circuit board of the input module 5-fold.

IMPORTANT!



The measuring signal of the Redox combination electrode can be also configured for controlling the disinfection.



5.4 Temperature measurement input

5.4.1 Technical data

Power output	Values
Sensor	Pt 100
Measuring range:	-50°C +150°C
Measuring accuracy	1 %

Do not use other than a two-wire "Pt 100" as sensor.

5.4.2 Calibration

The zero point of the measuring input is set in the factory. This measuring input can be adjusted with the temperature of the measuring water of the TOPAX DX (see chapter "19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration" on page 35).

To do this, measure the temperature of the sample water with a reference thermometer and set the reading as a reference in the TOPAX DX.

5.5 Measurement input total chlorine and display of bonded chlorine

5.5.1 Technical data

Power output	Values
Sensor	Total chlorine measuring cell (encapsulated electrode)
Measuring signal	4 20 mA corresponding measuring range of the measuring electrode
Measuring accuracy	1 % after calibration

5.5.2 Calibration

The total chlorine measurement is pH and temperature-compensated. For the measurement of the free chlorine the potentiostatic measuring cell is necessary, otherwise a total chlorine measurement is not possible. In connection with the total chlorine measurement and the measurement of free chlorine is displayed in the TOPAX DX.

You can continue to use the total chlorine for control. If you do so however, the total chlorine measurement will not be compensated.

Measurements of bonded chlorine are performed using and encapsulated electrode. This total chlorine measuring cell consists of a sensor part with integrated electronics and supplies a 4 ... 20 mA measuring signal according to the measuring range 0.00-2.00 mg/l. The measuring cell must be calibrated.

Calibration method: DPD

The sensor is operated with sample water. A nearly stable physical value should be displayed. In order to avoid signal variations and consequent reading errors, water must be taken at the sensing element and the actual signal must be saved directly in the TOPAX DX upon taking of the water sample. By means of the DPD method the total chlorine content in the measuring water is determined. The measurement must be set in the controller and saved by pressing OK. The measuring cell transconductance is then displayed. The plausibility of the transconductance measurement is monitored throughout the process.

For the announcement of bound chlorine at the TOPAX DX it is necessary that the total chlorine and the free chlorine, the pH value and the temperature of the measuring water with the same TOPAX DX are measured.

5.6 Conductivity measurement input

5.6.1 Technical data

Power output	Values	
Sensor	conductive or inductive conductivity electrode with measurement amplifier	
Measuring signal	420 mA corresponding measuring range of the measuring amplifier	
Measuring accuracy	\pm 1 % after calibration	

As there is a growing trend towards brine or seawater pools, the brine quality must be recorded. If an electrolytic cell, e.g. from Technopool, is used to generate the free chlorine concentration, brine water must be available as a precondition.

The conductivity of the measuring water can be measured and the concentration be kept constant. The measuring signal is converted into a standard 4...20 mA current signal by a separate measuring amplifier.

5.6.2 Calibration

The sensor input requires adjustment (see section "19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration" on page 35). The zero point does not need to be adjusted. Only the reference value is to be examined and adjusted if necessary. The measuring cell transconductance is then displayed. The plausibility of the transconductance measurement is monitored throughout the process.

The measurement is computationally shown as a % of salt content and in mS/cm. Example: 4...20 mA corresponding 0...20 mS/cm.

current (mA)	salt content (mS/cm)	salt content (%)
4.00	0	0.00
4.80	1.0	0.05
5.60	2.0	0.10
6.40	3.0	0.15
7.20	4.0	0.20
8.00	5.0	0.25
8.80	6.0	0.30
9.60	7.0	0.35
10.40	8.0	0.40
11.20	9.0	0.45
12.00	10.0	0.50
12.80	11.0	0.55
13.60	12.0	0.60
14.40	13.0	0.65
15.20	14.0	0.70
16.00	15.0	0.75
16.80	16.0	0.80
17.60	17.0	0.85
18.40	18.0	0.90
19.20	19.0	0.95
20.00	20.0	1.00



6 Explanation of digital signal inputs

6.6.1 General

It is possible to interrupt the control process and to activate an alarm by external digital signals. These inputs can be configured in the menu as "normally close" or "normally open" and the level inputs must be additionally deactivated.

6.1 Start-up delay

The digital signal inputs causes alarm and/or auxiliary functions, which interferes with the normal functions of the automatic controller.

If a digital signal input is operated and if the appropriate function is implemented, this has mostly effects on the quality of the measurement and the regulation will be set to "0%". After that the automatic work of the automatic controller is again configured; if a start-up lag time occurs, the sensors reset themselves to the automatic measuring procedure.



ATTENTION!

The start-up delay is activated:

- After filter rinsing After "remote switchoff" (sample water shortage)
- After adjusting the measuring input
- When switching on the supply voltage

6.2 Deactivation of the controller function with alarm signaling in the case of lack of sample water

6.2.1 Measuring water shortage

By an external flow contact the automatic controller functions activates. If the function "shortage of measuring water" is active and it arises a shortage of measuring water, all automatic controller outputs are set to "0 %", thus switching alarm relays; the announcement "shortage of measuring water appears in the display.

6.3 Deactivation of the controller function without alarm signaling in the case of filter flushing

This function can be activated by an external contact during filter cleaning. The automatic controller functions are set to "0 %" and the "Filter backwash appears in the display during this time. When the contact is released, the initial value of the time before the filter cleaning is set for a starting time. After this starting period, the control process is carried out automatically.

This starting lag time is necessary. After a filter cleaning the measured values are not to be used immediately for regulation, since these must reset themselves again to the measuring water. Therefore the regulation is set on the automatic controller power output, as it was prior the filter flushing. The regulation of the measured value begins only after the deceleration time is over.

6.4 Low level alert, alarm and warning "level dosing pump"

By an external contact e.g. of the level switches of an intake, the connection between the clamps 21 and 22 (intake dosing pump disinfection medium) and/or. 25 and 26 (intake dosing pump pH value) can be opened and/or closed. The notification "low level alert" and/or "pH value low level alert" will appear on the display and the alarm relay switches. The chemicals must be refilled.

No chemicals refilled can be opened and/or closed after a further contact of the intake connection between the clamps 23 and 24 (intake dosing

pump disinfection medium) and/or 27 and 28 (intake dosing pump pH value). The announcement "Level Alarm" and/or "pH value level Alarm" appears on the display and the alarm relay switches; at the same time the automatic controller output line of the respective input is set to 0.



ATTENTION!

If the level inputs in the menu "Service digital inputs" are activated, the level switches must be connected to the terminals respectively. If no level switch is attached, the inputs are to be deactivated.

7 Explanation of measuring values outputs

7.4.1 General

During configuration of the TOPAX DX, an output type has been assigned to each controller.

Possible are:

- Servo motor with potentiometer (with feedback)
- Servo motor without potentiometer (without feedback)
- Pulse frequency (electronic / optocoupler)
- Pulse frequency (relay)
- Continuous (current) output 0/4...20 mA
- ON/OFF (relay)

7.1 Output types

The regulating outputs can be calibrate in several aspects (see chapter "19.1.17 Menu 5.2: Outputs" on page 40):

7.1.1 ON/OFF (relay)

Relay output - if the adjusted value are excessive the relay switches, a hysteresis is adjustable.

7.1.2 Pulse length

10 - 3600 seconds cycle time, relay output (e.g. for solenoid valves).

Depending on the control deviation and the defined control parameters, the relay pulls in or drops out for the set cycle duration. If the cycle lasts 30 seconds and the controller output power is 40% the relay applies for example for 12 seconds, followed by 18 seconds of non-application.

7.1.3 Pulse frequency

10 - 350 pulses per minute as a adjustable maximum

The pulse frequency depends on the control deviation and the set control parameters, e.g. for a controller output power of Y = 25% and a pulse frequency of 100 pulses/minute, the controller sends 25 pulses/ minute.

Observe the maximum stroke frequency of the connected pump.

Electronic output (optocoupler output)

Pulse frequency output for controlling solenoid-driven dosing pumps or motor-driven pumps (e.g. MAGDOS or MEMDOS pumps) with intelligent electronic control unit. Ensure the correct polarity.

Relay output

Pulse frequency output, pulse length output, 3-point-step output (for servo motors) or "ON/OFF" for the control of magnet dosing pumps, hose pumps or single solenoid valves.



7.1.4 3-point-step output for servo motors

Relay output (e.g. for chlorine control valve C7700).

A acknowledging potentiometer can not be connected with servo motors with position feedback (1 - 10 kOhm). The acknowledging potentiometer is to be adjusted. For calibration the servomotor is started first. The voltage, which lines up over the acknowledging potentiometer, is indicated in the position of the potentiometers (voltage display between 0 and 3 V). After the stop position has been reached, the servomotor is stopped automatically. The alignment is accomplished and is to be stored in the TOPAX DX.

The switching hysteresis can be set from 1 - 20%.



ATTENTION!

If during ongoing operation, due to faults or the like, the end position and/or the zero point is not reached after approx. 10 minutes, the "Servo motor alarm" error message will be displayed. The error tolerance is coupled to the switching hysteresis of the "3-point step" control type. .

A servo actuator without feedback can also be operated. This is to be selected with the configuration.

If no positional feedback is available, measure and adjust the motor life (see chapter "19.1.12 Menu 5: Services" on page 39).



ATTENTION!

Entering a wrong motor life may prevent accurate controller functioning. In this case you would receive no warranty coverage by the manufacturer. The motor cycle time is set by the factory at 120 seconds which corresponds to the cycle time of the motor of the chlorine gas valve C7700.

7.1.5 Continuous control output (20 mA current output)

For automatic controllers a continuous control output of 0/4...20 mA can be configured for the control of continuous actuators.

The current varies between 0 and 20 mA depending on the deviation. Max. load: 500 ohms

The 20 mA current output for disinfection is switched on for every configuration.

You can choose between:

- 0...20 mA
- 4...20 mA
- 20...0 mA and
- 20...4 mA

7.2 Output restriction

The maximum output of each controller can be restricted. To do this, enter the maximum percentage value the actuator can reach.

Example: If a value of 80 % operates the automatic controller to a maximum of 80 %. The algorithm of the automatic control is however computed further on 100 %. Note that the controller parameters are selected accordingly.

The lowest maximum setting is "50 %".

This limit is useful if for example an oversized dosing pump has been fitted. This will ensure precise control.

7.3 Actuator

Components such as pumps and solenoid valves, which are controlled by the TOPAX DX, are called actuators.

Depending on the final control element used, different control functions can be set. Possible options are a continuous output with impressed current (0/4...20 mA), or control outputs (with pulse frequency). The latter can be controlled as electronic (optocoupler) or relay outputs.

8 Controller explanation

8.3.1 Definitions

Term	Definition
actual value (X)	The actual value of X of the measurement for the respective sensor is constantly indicated.
Setpoint (W)	Setpoint W of a control system defines the level at which the controller should settle the process and keep it constant.
Control deviation (X-W)	Control deviation X-W occurs if the actual value X of the measurand differs from setpoint W. Control variable Y results from the control deviation and the control parameters set.
Control variable Y	Control variable Y of a control system defines the value which the controller transmits to the final control element depending on the parameters set and control deviation X-W (between 0 % and 100 %).

8.1 Proportional controller (P controller)

8.1.1 Proportional range Xp

(proportional effect or amplification of the controller)

The proportional range Xp (p-range) of a proportional controller indicates the amount by which the measurand X must deviate from the setpoint W, so that the control variable Y = 100 %. If the control deviation is less, the control variable is reduced proportionally.

Control variable Y of a P-controller is affected proportionally only by the control deviation (X - W).

The P-range is indicated in "%" and always refers to the measuring range final value.

The proportional range is thus an indirect measure of the controller amplification ${\rm K}_{\rm p}$:

For a P gain of 50 % the control amplification is accordingly:

100 /50 = 2 \rightarrow controller amplification $K_p = 2$

Xp = 50 % means that the control variable Y changes 100 % if the actual value deviates by 50 % from the setpoint (related to the measuring range final value).

8.2 Proportional-integral-derivative controller (PIPI, PID controller)

8.2.1 Reset time Tn

(integral effect of PI controller)

The integral time of a PI or PID controller is called the reset time Tn. The integral time is the time required by the control variable Y with a constant nominal/actual deviation to achieve the same change in output signal as produced immediately by the P proportion immediately after the change in the nominal/actual deviation.



8.2.2 Example of proportional range and reset time

Xp = 50 % (amplification = 2)

Tn = 3min

(sudden change of the actual value by 15 %)

After a sudden deviation of the actual value from the setpoint of around 15 % (X-W), the control variable Y changes by the same rate as the control amplification, or twice as much as the Xp value, i.e. by 30 %.

Because of the integral behaviour, the manipulated variable continues to increase as long as the X-to-W deviation remains present and after a time Tn = 3 minutes reaches once again 30 % of correction variable increase.

Control variable	Setpoint
Sensor range for disinfection	1.00 mg/l
X (actual value)	0.15 mg/l
W (Setpoint)	0.30 mg/l
X - W	15 %
Xp (P-range)	50 %
1	3 minutes
Y (immediate power output of the controller)	30 % through Xp
Y (output power of the automatic controller after 3 minutes)	60 % through Tn

8.2.3 Derivative time Tv

(differential action of PID controller)

By a differential function a correction factor is entered in the controlled system when the controlled variable begins to differ from the setpoint. The control variable depends on the speed at which the setpoint/actual deviation takes place (i.e. not the actual deviation). The duration of the correction is determined by the derivative time D. If the control variable does not change, i.e. the speed of change is "0", the correction factor and the time constants Tv caused by the differential proportion drop to "0" (even if the actual value consistently deviates from the setpoint). The fact that the regulation leads the actual value to match with the default one is caused mainly by the integrals portion of the automatic controller. The differential proportion often improves the controller result because it acts against the trend to deviate.

8.3 Calculation of setable values

In order for the controller to keep actual values of free chlorine and Ph close to the setpoints within tight limits, e.g. for bathing, the controller must be adjusted to the controlled system. This is achieved via the control parameters Xp for the proportional area, Tn for the reset time of the integral range and the derivative time Tv for the differential range.

These settings can be determined by recording the step response of the controlled system. To do this the actuator must be changed suddenly by hand from "CLOSED" (0 %) to "OPEN" (100 %) or for example from 30 % to 50 %.

The following formula can be used for calculating reference values:

Variable	Description	
Yh	Setting range (e.g. valve fully open or 100 % dosing pump supply)	
Xmax	maximum value of the controller variable at 100 % dosing rate	
$\Delta X / \Delta t$	Gradient of the measured curve (see Fig. 19)	
to	Time of control variable Y change	
Tu	lag time (s)	
Vmax	maximum increase rate of the measured variable	
Vmax	$Xmax / Tg = \Delta X / \Delta t$	

In order to meter chlorine gas, you need accounting for the speed of the chlorine gas valve. The value of Xp is computed for a drive speed from 0 % through 100 % in 60 seconds. A slower operation would show the same trend as a bigger proportional range Xp. In order to adjust this, the Xp value must be first reduced at slower operation and vice versa.

The following formula can be used:

XP new = XP \cdot 60 sec /Ty

Ty = Motor regulation time

As these are approximate values, changing the Xp value may after a certain time improve the control variable. If the control responds too slowly or too fast, a smaller Xp and a smaller Tn would result in a faster control behaviour and a larger Xp and/or Tn would result in slower behaviour.

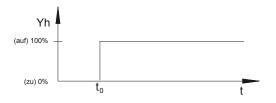


Fig. 18: State of the control variable, e.g. opening of a valve or dosing rate of a pump.

Here below, a diagram shows for the controlled variable X over the time t:

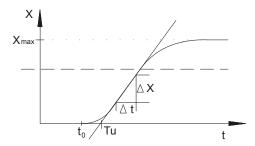


Fig. 19: Step response of a controller to a change in control variable Y(X = actual value; e.g. disinfection or pH value)

The control parameters can be automatically entered in the TOPAX DX in the respective items (see chapter "19.1.18 Menu 5.3: Auto setup (First system self-setting)" on page 40).



8.4 Controller parameters

For Disinfection, pH value, combined chlorine and conductivity inputs the following settings may be programmed:

Con- troller	Xp value	Tn value	pH value
Р	1 - 500 %	-	
PI	1 - 500 %	1 200 min	
PD	1 - 500 %		1 - 1200 s
PID	1 - 500 %	1 200 min	1 - 1200 s

The following control parameters are set by the manufacturer before shipment:

Controller	Хр	I	D
Disinfection controller	35 %	15 min	OFF
controller pH value	10 %	15 min	OFF
controller combined chlorine (only article 40100003 a. 40100005)	10 %	OFF	OFF
controller conductivity (only article 40100004 a. 40100005)	10 %	OFF	OFF

8.5 Control direction

The control direction can be set for each controller. Possible options:

- increase value (display "up" arrow)
- decrease value (display "down" arrow)
- 2-side regulation (only pH value)

The connection terminals are also marked with an arrow.

8.6 Basic load dosing

Basic load dosing can be configured outside of the control range. This dosing takes place even if the PID automatic controller output is 0 %. If a basic load is configured, this value is shown in blue on the display screen in the Y display. The Y display for automatic control is shown in green. In the status display, this condition is indicated by a "+" after the Y display. Note that this basic load is always effective and that a certain percentage of the actuator is always open irrespective of the control even though the controller does not require dosing. The basic load can be adjusted separately for each output up to a maximum of 20 % of the control range.

8.7 Manual mode

Controllers can be manually adjusted.

If a controller is manually operated, this will be indicated by a large "M" behind the "Y" in the status displays and the Y display on the screen will be shown blue. Manual operation is also indicated in the bottom row.

In the manual setting menu the control output can be adjusted directly to any value between 0 % and 100 % and saved.



ATTENTION!

Manual operation is not reset automatically.

9 Alarms

9.1 Measurement alarms

For each measuring input a minimum and a maximum alarm can be set. In the case of a value falling above or below this value, the alarm is shown and an alarm relay as common alarm triggers. The alarm settings of the relay and the controller for this measuring input can be analysed separately. The time delay of the alarm is adjustable (delay).

9.2 Safety cutout (Y alarm)

TOPAX DX is equipped with a safety disconnect. If, due to an unforeseeable event, a sensor fault etc. the controller output power exceeds 95 % for a programmable period, an alarm is displayed for this controller and the controller output is set to 0%. This function is activated by default. The time is adjustable.

An adjusted basic load is also switched off in the event of a safety cutout.

All alarms are displayed in clear text form on the screen. The alarm relay is activated and the measured value, which caused the alarm, is shown in red.



ATTENTION!

The alarms are represented in red on the display. After clearing, acknowledge the alarms by pressing the OK key twice.

See also chapter "23 Troubleshooting and diagnostics" on page 45.

10 Disturbance variable

Disturbance variable feed-forward is an independent input which has an effect on the output signal of the controller. This input is an impressed current signal and can be set as follows:

- Service menu: Configuration: Determine the disturbance variable signal 0...20 mA or 4...20 mA

- Connection to corresponding terminals: Input board terminal 74 and 75

- Allocation to the respective controller, menu: Controller disinfection or pH value, input as multiplication factor

Internally, a normal pl controller outputs the calculated output signal as a control variable. The value of the disturbance variable Z is multiplied with this output signal Y. This structure ensures that no dosing is performed with Z = 0 %.

The disturbance variable can be evaluated in a ratio between factor 0.1 and 10. Upon delivery the disturbance variable function is deactivated. The disturbance variable restricts the maximum output capacity of the controller. If it is allocated to a controller and activated, the disturbance variable function must be connected physically to the input terminals of the TOPAX DX. If the disturbance variable is not connected (0 %), the controller output power is also 0% and the controller will not work.

The disturbance variable status can be seen in the display: 0 or 4 to 20 mA corresponds to 0 – 100 %.

Example:

Setup factor 2

If the disturbance variable is 42 %, the controller can increase to a maximum of 84 %.

Setup factor 0.5

If the disturbance variable is 42 %, the controller can increase to a maximum of 21 %.



11 Analogueue power outputs 0/4...20 mA for remote displays

For the remote indication of the measured values, TOPAX DX has a similar output for each measured value input 0/4...20 mA.

The settings 0...20 mA or 4...20 mA see chapter "19.1.29 Menu 5.15: Recorder outputs" on page 41. The adjustment of the outputs to external devices is made however in Menu 2 (see chapter "19.1.10 Menu 2.3: Recorder (analogue outputs 0/4 - 20 mA)" on page 39). A measurement can be assigned to the minimum and maximum values.

In order to check the outputs and for adjusting them to the attached instruments and devices, you submit the 20 mA outputs to a test signal (see chapter "19.1.17 Menu 5.2: Outputs" on page 40).

The signal can assume any value between 0 and 20 mA. This can be achieved individually for the configured controllers or recorder outputs.



ATTENTION!

The TOPAX DX is equipped with a maximum of 8 current outputs. When switched on, the special functions of total chlorine and conductivity are already assigned to 6 power outputs of the measured values.

If, additionally, the 20 mA controller outputs are configured, the maximum number of hardware outputs may be exceeded.

In this case, the priorities are assigned such that the controller outputs and the output to the flocculant pump have priority. This means that no transmission of the measured values (0/4...20 mA) is any longer available for temperature and conductivity.

When too many 20 mA outputs are selected, the disconnection sequence is:

1. Temperature measurements

2. Conductivity measurements



ATTENTION!

If the 0/4...20 mA continuous controller output is configured for an automatic controller, this can be manually adjusted to the actuator independently of the settings in the service menu - "recorder". It is possible to configure the 0...20 mA controller output and a 4...20 mA recorder output. It must be noticed that eventual changes in the "Service – Recorder menu" will be reset after 20 mA outputs.

12 Night operation

TOPAX DX allows you to reduce use of Chlorine during night-time and/ or after the closure of the SPA baths and pools. For this "economy operation mode", two timers can be defined. To automatically start the night-time mode, adjust these timers and assign them to the individual weekdays. These settings are adjusted in the "service - timer menu".

The setpoint, which you need to reduce, can be adjusted in the main "night mode" menu. Moreover it is possible to reduce the capacity of the recirculation system. Adjust the parameters of the controller, based on the default settings for reduced recirculation power. Afterwards the night operation mode can be started. This can happen automatically when the TOPAX DX timer is activated or when the night-time is directly switched on.

A second possibility is the activation of the night-time by an external contact. This contact switches the night-time "ON" and "OFF" independently from the settings in the menu.

The night-time command is effective also for flocculation.

13 pH-value compensation of free chlorine

13.1 Total chlorine and combinded chlorine

Indication of the bound chlorine is a function of the TOPAX DX and is used in combination with measurement of the total chlorine, pH value, free chlorine and temperature. The type DCM total chlorine measuring cell delivery a 4...20 mA corresponding to the measuring range.

When measuring the total chlorine quantity and controlling the combined chlorine, it is necessary that the total chlorine, the free chlorine after the potentiostatic 3-electrode measurement, the pH value and the temperature are all measured with the same TOPAX DX. In the TOPAX DX, the measured value for free chlorine is pH-compensated and the pH value is temperature-compensated. Configuring the total chlorine measurement in the menu will adjust all functions. Separate setting of the temperature compensation of the pH value and the pH value compensation of the free chlorine is not necessary.

13.2 Free chlorine

If total chlorine measurement is not required, the pH value compensation for the free chlorine and the temperature compensation can be switched on in the service menu of the TOPAX DX. This menu enables switching the compensation ON and OFF. The value of the free chlorine is compensated with a correction factor of 35 % per pH value. The temperature compensation of the pH value is compensated with a correction factor of 1.8 % per °C. The pH value compensation of the free chlorine is only possible using potentiostatic 3 electrode measurement with the water sampling station PM or EASYPRO.

13.3 Chlorine dissociation in dependence on the pH value

Please note: when adjusting the free chlorine in accordance with the DPD method, the pH value of the sample water sinks to c. pH 6.3. The complete hypochlorous acid released upon the 100 % dissociation of the chlorine in the sample water is measured and set. The TOPAX DX has the additional function of "effective chlorine" display, which represents the true value of the hypochlorous acid which is free for disinfection in accordance with the pending pH value.



14 Economy mode - DIN-contact and ECO-contact

For the "economy mode" a DIN - contact is defined. The DIN contact is generally used for the reduction of the recirculation capacity.

DIN 19643 states: "Depending on the operation of the baths and given compliance with all hygiene parameters, reduced operation is possible. The active charcoal and the flocculation central dosage can be subsequently turned off."

Parameter	Range
Disinfection:	Minimum 0.30 and adjustable maximum between 0.60 and 1.20 mg/l (adjustable, as the DIN Standards 19643 do not clearly indicate the upper limit value)
pH value:	рН 6,5 — рН 7,6
Redox:	> 700 mV
Combined chlorine:	< 0.20 mg/l

Tab.: Parameter for DIN-Contact

For all measuring outputs the hysteresis must be known.

The DIN contact is closed when all the measured values are in the adjusted range.



ATTENTION!

The values for the DIN-contact can be set in the "Service - DIN-contact" menu. If the values for the DIN-contact need to be changed, e.g. the "Disinfection" value with a Whirlpool, then working in the "Configuration" menu, menu item 0.4.11: switch on the contact "Output DIN-contact", otherwise the menu item "DIN-contact" cannot be accessed in the "Service" menu.



ATTENTION!

If no total chlorine was measured and thus no combined chlorine was determined, the contact can be used when combined chlorine is proven to be within the DIN range by means of photometric analysis.

In the economy mode there are two variants:

14.1 TOPAX DX is responsable for economy mode

During initial configuration of the in- and outputs, the TOPAX DX requests the "DIN contact". For the DIN contact, one of the options is "ECO-control". If this mode is switched on, the following functions are activated:

Save the "ECO - control" and enter the following menu to select the type of contact (relay or optocoupler). This contact is called "ECO - contact".

The DIN values are internally compared. If all DIN values are respected, the ECO-contact is set as "ECO-default mode" and will be activated every time when the night-time mode or timer is manually switched on.

To reduce the circulation capacity, working in the "Night mode menu (see section "19.1.11 Menu 2.4: Night operation" on page 39) enter the reduced circulation capacity in % and set the reduced setpoint for the "disinfection" measurement. If you enter this lowest value as a percentage figure, all controller parameters will be adjusted accordingly to this lower percentage. Reduction rate up to 50 % are admissible.

When the TOPAX DX is set on night-time reduced operation mode, the "Night-time operation" contact must be externally set to provide a feedback confirming that the recirculation capacity was actually reduced. The economy mode is effective only when a confirmation is given. Lack of compliance to DIN - parameters at the time of switching to night-time saving mode, will activate ongoing comparative timer check-up and the ECO contact will be actually active as soon as the DIN-parameters are in place.

14.2 TOPAX DX only transfers the DIN-contact

If the DIN-contact is transferred outwards, this can be processed in a management system. Responsibility in this case is not carried by TOPAX DX. The "Night-time operation" menu will have to be reset as well as the recirculation capacity.

15 Startup after a long shut down period

If the TOPAX DX is switched off for a long period, it is possible that humidity (condensate) accretes within the housing. This can mean that the high-resistance inputs (pH value and Redox) no longer function correctly.

In such cases, the TOPAX DX must be dried out before start-up: Close the housing and switch on the TOPAX DX. No further humidity should be present after c. 12 - 24 hours in this state, and the faulty input should readjust itself.



IMPORTANT!

To rule out the build-up of condensate water, we recommend that the TOPAX DX remain switched on during down-time.

16 Control of the flocculation pump

For the control of the flocculation central pump different possibilities can be selected.

16.1 Control proportional to the pure water throughflow

Input signal 0/4...20 mA Adjustment range 0-100 % (Disturbance factor input)

16.2 Control with direct input

In the night operation mode the dosing pump can be operated for reduced flocculation capacity. The following operation modes can be selected in the "service" menu for the control of the flocculation pump:

- Operating mode Off
- Operating mode ON with output capacity in %
- Operating mode Night-time economy mode with setting of separate %-wise output capacity for day and night time operation.
- Operating mode Through-flow dependant (disturbance variable) with %-wise setting of the output capacity
- Operating mode Through-flow dependant (disturbance variabel) and night-time economy mode with separate %-wise setting of the output capacity for day and night time operation

The night operation mode is activated by the timers (setting of the timers in the service menu). The configuration of the output signal for the dosing pump is made in the configuration menu. The following outputs can be configured:

- Pulse frequency with optocoupler
- Pulse frequency with relays
- Pulse length with relays
- Constant output 0/4...20 mA
- ON/OFF with relay

ATTENTION!



The night-time economy mode of the flocculant pump does not depend on the DIN parameters!



17 Log book function

The following activities are stored in the logbook:

- Configuration of the initial delivery with date and time
- Changed configuration on setup with date and time
- Setting the controller parameters (Xp, Tn, Tv), basic load, restriction, setpoints, alarm parameters, and calibration data on start-up with date and time
- Changing the controller parameters (Xp, Tn, Tv), basic load, restriction, setpoints, alarm parameters, and calibration data with date and time
- Configuration of the digital inputs

This data is stored on the memory card supplied and can be read directly on the TOPAX DX or with a PC.

The software version is stored together with a file (* LOG) as text file and DATE (* DAT) as recorder file for each day.

Furthermore, the configuration can be saved.

For the installation of the memory card, refer to chapter "22 Memory card" on page 44.

For the handling of the logbook, refer to section "19.1.21 Menu 5.6: Logbook" on page 40.

18 Auto setup (First system self-setting)

Menu for the automatic determination of the parameters of the automatic controller of disinfection

(duration max. 4 hours and 33 minutes)



ATTENTION! System self-setting starts

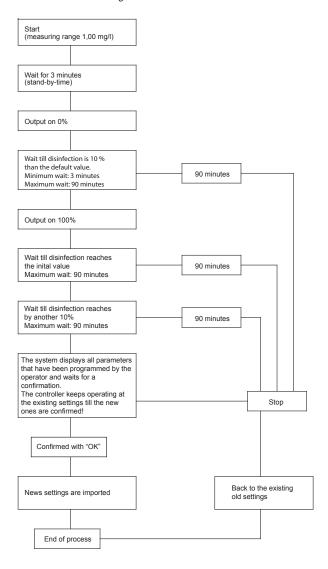
System self-setting starts when the actual value is stable near the setpoint.

The pH value of the water basin must range between 6.8 and 7.3.

The current settings of the automatic controller parameters are shown in the self-setting menu. The process includes 4 main functions. Each function unit must run off in a certain time. If the new value is not reached within this time, an automatic calculation of the automatic controller data cannot be accomplished and the system self-setting process is stopped.



Do not alter the recirculation capacity during system self-setting.





19 Menu configuration and main settings

19.1 Menus of the TOPAX DX

In this chapter all of the TOPAX DX menus are presented and their operation exemplified. As the display is in colour and high resolution, the menus are shown in text and are clearly arranged.

19.1.1 Standard display

If there are no entries in the TOPAX DX within 5 minutes, the device turns to the standard display.

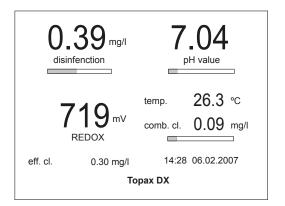


Fig. 21: Standard display of TOPAX DX - with total chlorine measurement

The bars below the digits of the measured values indicate the strength of the respective output signal. The colour of the display changes, depends on the signal power, from green (0 – 85 %) to orange (85 - 95 %) and rot (95 - 100 %).

Pressing any key takes you to the main menu (menu 1).

19.1.2 Menu 1 and 2: Main menu and sub-main menu

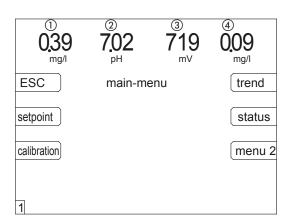


Fig. 22: Menu 1: The main menu of the TOPAX DX and starting point for reaching all further sub-menus and their functions: With the displays for ① Disinfection, ② pH value and ③ Redox. Depending on the configuration, ④ indicates combined chlorine (mg/l), temperature (°C) or conductivity (%).

Menu 2 acts as a sub-main menu:

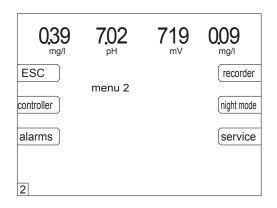


Fig. 23: Menu 2: Extension of the main menu

You can access all other sub-menus through the main menu (menu 1) and the sub-main menu (Menu 2).

Menu	Кеу	Remarks for sub-menu		
1	Main menu			
	ESC	Return to the standard display		
1.1	Setpoints	Sets the setpoints of the configured controllers		
1.2	Calibration	Calibration of all sensors connected to the system		
1.3	Trend	Shows measurements as line chart in various zoom stages		
1.4.1	Status	Display of all important settings		
2	Menu 2	Change to the following menus		
2	Menu 2	•		
	ESC	Return to the main menu		
2.1	Controller	Optimization of the parameters of all configured controllers (access to this menu can be protected by a password).		
2.2	Alarms	Assigns the alarms to the measurement signals		
2.3	Recorder	Sets the zooming function for the analogue outputs $0/4 - 20$ mA		
2.4	Night oper- ation	Selection auto switch ability and adjustment of the new setpoint.		
5	Services	Further adjustment options (access to this menu can be protected by a password):		
		ConfigurationHardware status (HW-Status)InputsOutputsAuto setupOutputsNetworkResetTimeLogbookPasswordTimerDIN contact:Service passwordAlarm settingsFlocculationRecorderStartDisplayDigital inputsLanguage		

Tab.: Overview of the sub-menus of TOPAX DX

On the following pages all sub-menus are presented in ascending order and exemplified by means of a demonstrative example.



19.1.3 Menu 1.1: Setpoints

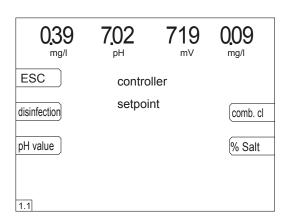


Fig. 24: Main menu >> setpoint

With the menu "setpoint" each control unit assigns the desired setpoint to each output. According to the configuration the setpoints can be fixed for the following control units:

Menu	Controller	Кеу
1.1.1	Disinfection controller	Disinfection
1.1.2	Controller pH value	pH value
1.1.3	Controller combined chlorine	bonded chlorine
1.1.4	Controller conductivity	% salt

Select a control unit to set up the setpoint. The device goes to the relevant menu 1.1.1-4.

The first digit of the setpoint is highlighted in grey and can be adjusted. Use the arrow keys to set up the value:

- I switch over between the individual positions
- ▲ / ▼ modify numerical values
- "OK" Press OK to save

19.1.4 Menu 1.2: Calibration

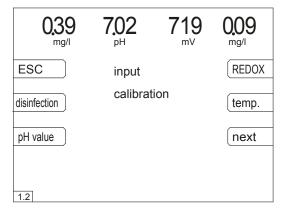


Fig. 25: Main menu >> Calibration

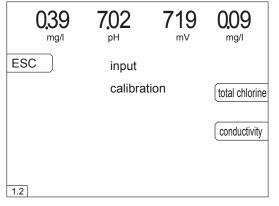


Fig. 26: Main menu >> calibration >> next: Page 2 of callibration (with more than five inputs)

With the Menu Calibration the sensors are calibrated with the inputs. According to the setting the following inputs can be selected:

Menu	Input	Кеу
1.2.1	Disinfection	Disinfection
1.2.2	pH value	pH value
1.2.3.3	Redox	Redox
1.2.4.3	Temperature	Temperature
1.2.7.3	Total chlorine measuring electrode	Total chlorine
1.2.8.3	Conductivity measuring system	Conductivity

Select one of the inputs for calibration. The device goes to the relevant menu 1.2.1-1.2.8.3

The type of calibration (1-point calibration or 2-point calibration) depends on the attached sensor (see also chapter 5), which was defined in the start-up configuration.

Input	1-point calibration	2-point calibration
Disinfection	<u>.</u>	
Amperometric electrode	*)	Menu 1.2.1
potentialstatic electrode	Menu 1.2.1.3	
Encapsulated electrode	*)	Menu 1.2.1
pH value		
pH single-rod measuring cell - without specifications about slope rate		Menu 1.2.2
pH single-rod measuring cell - with specifications about slope rate	Menu 1.2.2	
Redox	Menu 1.2.3.3	
Temperature	Menu 1.2.4.3	
Total chlorine measuring electrode	Menu 1.2.7.3	
conductivity measuring system	Menu 1.2.8.3	

*) For start-up the sensors require a 2-point calibration. For inspection/ post-calibration a 1-point calibration is sufficient. Therefore, menu 1.2.1 offers both types of calibration.

Please note the messages on the display. After the calibration has been selected the TOPAX DX requests one and/or two reference values. At



this stage keep the sensor in the relevant measuring water or buffer solution (see chapter "5 Measuring values inputs" on page 22).

Enter the requested reference value for the water / solution: The first digit of the set value is highlighted in grey and can be adjusted. Use the arrow keys to set up the value:

switch over between the individual positions

▲ / ▼ modify numerical values

Confirm and save with the "OK" key.

Confirm the measuring water extraction with the "OK" key.

When calibrating free chlorine and the pH-value the sensor s pulse rate is shown at the connection to the calibration.

Special feature for the calibration of the pH value

The actual voltage of the single-rod measuring cell AND the design voltage of the pH buffer solution are indicated on the display during calibration of the pH value. These two values allow the operator to monitor the accuracy of the measuring electrode.

The deviation between the measurement of the pH value with the photometer and the electrometric measurement can be compensated with the "offset compensation" option.

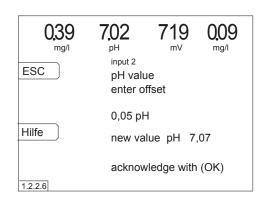


Fig. 27: Main menu >> calibration >> pH value >> offset

19.1.5 Menu 1.3: Trend representations

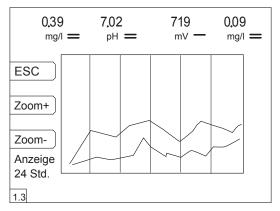


Fig. 28: Main menu >> trend

The actual trend of the measurements is represented by coloured curves. These can be constructed at different time intervals. A time range of 60 minutes, 4 hours or 24 hours can be displayed. To change the desired time to a respectively bigger or smaller interval use the "Zoom +" and "Zoom -".

19.1.6 Menu 1.4 Status display

0.39	7 <u>.02</u>	719 ^{mV}	0.09 mg/l
ESC	status c	ontroller	
preset next	Xp1: 5	,45 mg/l Y1: 0 % Tn1: 25 ,10 pH Y2: 0 %l Tn2: 25	min.
1.4.1			

Fig. 29: Main menu >> status

The status-display shows the most significant data for accurate prediction of TOPAX DX proper functioning.

Menu	Status displays		
1.4.1	Main parameters of all configured controllers		
1.4.2	Switching status of all outputs		
1.4.3	Physical values and calibrated resistivity values of all inputs		
1.4.4	 used software version serial number hardware identification data input identification outputs identification number of operating hours 		

By pressing the "next" key, the TOPAX DX switches to menu 1.4.1 to 1.4.4.

Save and activate preselects

It is also possible for certain applications to save the adjusted values and activate them when needed. For this presettings several names can be allocated:

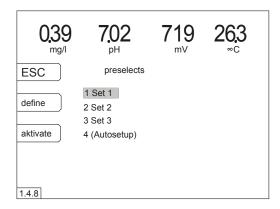


Fig. 30: Main menu >> status >> presettings

Press the pre-adjust key and the device switches to menu 1.4.8. Select from one of the four presettings that you want to activate or overwrite with the actual values. To select press the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown .

To activate an existing presetting press the activate key. Confirm the entry with the "OK" key.

To save the actual entries press the "apply" key. The device goes to menu 1.4.8.1:

Operating instructions



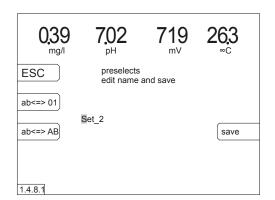


Fig. 31: Main menu >> status >> presettings >> apply

Enter the name of the pre-adjustment using the arrow keys \blacktriangle and $\blacktriangledown.$ This means:

Keys	Function
▲ and ▼:	Change individual letters and numbers
◄ and ►:	shift cursor
ab <=> 01	change small letters to numbers/symbols
ab <=> AB	change small into capital letters

Press the "save" key to save up to this point the adjusted regulating characteristics. Confirm the procedure with the "OK" key.

The following adjustments are saved and can be re-activated at any time:

- regulating characteristics of configured controller
- setpoints of configured controller

19.1.7 Menu 2.1: adjust controller

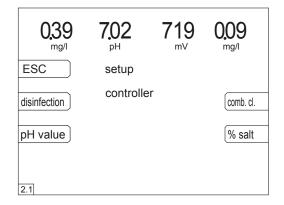


Fig. 32: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> controller

The TOPAX DX is able to command up to four control units (see chapter "8 Controller explanation" on page 28). The basic adjustments of every single control unit are configured in this menu:

Menu	Controller setting	Required specifications
2.1.1	Disinfection	I
2.1.1.1	Direction	boosting/dropping/2 sites
2.1.1.2	Disturbance variable	Disturbance variable, ON/OFF
2.1.1.3	Overview of settings	-
2.1.1.3.1	Parameter Xp	%-value
2.1.1.3.2	Parameter Tn	ON or OFF + time
2.1.1.3.3	Parameter Tv	ON or OFF + time
2.1.1.4	Basic load	ON or OFF + time
2.1.1.5	Manual mode	%-value, ON/OFF, shock chlorination
	1	
2.1.2	pH value	
2.1.2.1	Direction	boosting/dropping/2 sites
2.1.2.2	Disturbance variable	Disturbance variable, ON/OFF
2.1.2.3	Overview of settings	
2.1.2.3.1	Parameter Xp	%-value
2.1.2.3.2	Parameter Tn	ON or OFF + time
2.1.2.3.3	Parameter Tv	ON or OFF + time
2.1.2.4	Basic load	ON or OFF + time
2.1.2.5	Manual mode %-value, ON/OFF	
	1	
2.1.3	combinded chlorine	
2.1.3.1	Direction	boosting/dropping/2 sites
2.1.3.2	Disturbance variable	Disturbance variable, ON/OFF
2.1.3.3	Overview of settings	1
2.1.3.3.1	Parameter Xp	%-value
2.1.3.3.2	Parameter Tn	ON or OFF + time
2.1.3.3.3	Parameter Tv	ON or OFF + time
2.1.3.4	Basic load	ON or OFF + time
2.1.3.5	Manual mode	%-value, ON/OFF
2.1.4	controller for salt cont	tent
2.1.4.1	Direction	boosting/dropping/2 sites
2.1.4.2	Disturbance variable	Disturbance variable, ON/OFF
2.1.4.3	Parameter	1
2.1.4.3.1	Parameter Xp	%-value
2.1.4.3.2	Parameter Tn	ON or OFF + time
2.1.4.3.3	Parameter Tv	ON or OFF + time
2.1.4.4	Basic load	ON or OFF + time
2.1.4.5	Manual mode	%-value, ON/OFF

Select one of the four control units. The device goes to the relevant Menu 2.1.1-2.1.4.

Apply the adjustments relevant to your requirements in the following sub-menus to the control unit.

Adjust the parameters accordingly with the arrow keys \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown and \bigtriangledown and confirm your entries with the "OK" key.



19.1.8 Adjustment of shock chlorination

For shock chlorination, the "Disinfection" controller is switched to manual operation for an adjustable time and an adjustable dosing rate. When the time has elapsed, the controller automatically switches to automatic operation.



NOTE

The user must empirically define the time and the dosing rate for shock chlorination before this function is performed.

The "shock chlorination" key is used at the same time for configuring and starting shock chlorination. Set the time with the "Time" key. Set the maximum output capacity with the "%" key.

Press the "OK" key to save the settings. The shock chlorination is indicated on the status display. The timer counts down and indicates the remaining time in minutes. When the time has elapsed, the system switches to automatic operation.

19.1.9 Menu 2.2: Alarms

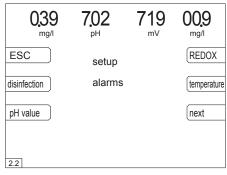


Fig. 33: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> alarms

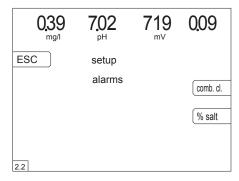


Fig. 34: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> alarms >> next >> page 2 of alarms(with more than five inputs)

The TOPAX DX monitors its inputs (see chapter "9 Alarms" on page 30). If an unwanted alteration appears on an input value, the alarm is set off. The alarm-setting is configured in this menu:

Menu	Function Required specifications	
2.2.1	Disinfection	
2.2.1.1	Maximum alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.1.2	Minimum Alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.1.3	Y alarm	ON or OFF + time
2.2.1.4	Alarm delay	ON or OFF + time
2.2.1.4	Alarm delay	ON or OFF + time

Menu	Function	Required specifications
2.2.2	pH value	
2.2.2.1	Maximum alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.2.2	Minimum Alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.2.3	Y alarm	ON or OFF + time
2.2.2.4	Alarm delay	ON or OFF + time
2.2.3	Redox potential	
2.2.3.1	Maximum alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.3.2	Minimum Alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.3.4	Alarm delay	ON or OFF + time
2.2.4	Temperature	
2.2.4.1	Maximum alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.4.2	Minimum Alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.4.4	Alarm delay	ON or OFF + time
2.2.5	combinded chlorine	
2.2.5.1	Maximum alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.5.2	Minimum Alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.5.3	Y alarm	ON or OFF + time
2.2.5.4	Alarm delay	ON or OFF + time
	·	·
2.2.6	Salt content	
2.2.6.1	Maximum alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.6.2	Minimum Alarm	ON or OFF + limit value
2.2.6.3	Y alarm	ON or OFF + time
2.2.6.4	Alarm delay	ON or OFF + time

Select one of the six inputs. The device goes to the relevant Menu 2.2.2-2.2.5 and shows the actual configuration of the input alarm.

Select one of the (up to) four available alarm functions of the input for configuration.

Alarm	Alarm is set off, if &	Кеу
Maximum measuring value	Input value > max. value	max alarm
Minimum measuring value	Input value < min. value	min alarm
Y alarm	after a given time for the input of the relevant control unit in the computer s output service is $> 95\%$.	Y alarm
Alarm delay time	the alarm s delay time has run out	Delay

Fig. 35: Possible alarm functions of the six inputs.

Press on "OFF" to turn off the chosen alarm function. Confirm twice with the "OK" key.

Press on "ON" to turn the chosen alarm function on.

Enter the requested limit value.

The first digit of the limit value is highlighted in grey and can be adjusted. Use the arrow keys to set up the value:

- I switch over between the individual positions
- ▲ / ▼ modify numerical values

Confirm the entry by pressing the "OK" key twice.



19.1.10 Menu 2.3: Recorder (analogue outputs 0/4 - 20 mA)

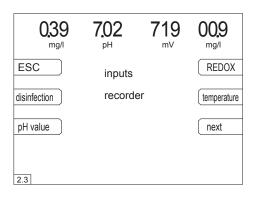


Fig. 36: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> recorder

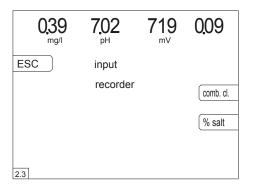


Fig. 37: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> recorder>> next >> page 2 of recorder (with more than five inputs)

For the remote indication of the measured values, TOPAX DX has a similar output for each measured value input 0/4...20 mA, named "recorder output".

This menu is used for the adjustment of the TOPAX DX to the external devices which are connected to the outputs. An allocation / standardisation takes place between each measured value input and analogueue output:

Minimum measurement input = 0/4 mA

Maximum measurement input = 20 mA

There are recorder outputs for the inputs:

Menu	Inputs	Кеу	Required input	Unit
2.3.1	Disinfection	Disinfection	Minimum, Maximum	mg/l
2.3.2	pH value	pH value	Minimum, Maximum	pН
2.3.3	Redox potential	Redox	Minimum, Maximum	mV
2.3.4	Temperature	Temperature	Minimum, Maximum	°C
2.3.5	Combined chlorine	bonded chlorine	Minimum, Maximum	mg/l
2.3.6	Salt content	% salt	Minimum, Maximum	%

Select an input for standardisation of the analogueue output. Select "Minimum" or "Maximum" to define the lower limit or respectively the upper limit of the measured value.

Enter the requested limit value.

The first digit of the limit value is highlighted in grey and can be adjusted. Use the arrow keys to set up the value:

- ◄ / ► switch over between the individual positions
- ▲ / ▼ modify numerical values

Confirm the entry by pressing the "OK" key twice.

19.1.11 Menu 2.4: Night operation

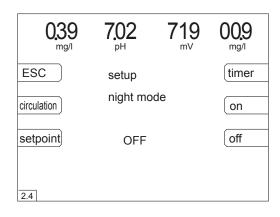


Fig. 38: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> night operation

For night-time operation:

- it can be switched on and off manually or controlled by means of a timer.
- the setpoint for the controller has to be defined.
- the percentage value can be set for reduction of recirculation power.
- the setting of the timer is done in menu 5.8 "Timer".

19.1.12 Menu 5: Services

0.39	7 <u>02</u>	719	0.09
mg/l		^{mV}	mg/l
ESC	configuration inputs autosetup network clock code DIN-contac alarm action recorder display	t fic n st di	W - Status utputs istart gfile mer ervice code occulation artup gital inputs nguage

Fig. 39: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service

Menu 5 "Service" contains 20 functions for the TOPAX DX default setting:

Menu	Key	Function
0.4.4	Configuration	Repeat basic configuration Saving and loading of a configuration
05:01	Hardware status	Hardware/software equipment
5.1	Inputs	Adjusting the input measuring ranges
5.2	Outputs	Outputs settings
5.3	Auto setup	Automatic determination of the "disinfection" controller parameters
5.4	Reset	Reset and factory settings
5.5	Network	Configuration of RS 485 network address
5.6	Logbook	Write/read the logbook
5.7	Time	Setting of date and time
5.8	Timer	Control timer setting
5.9	Password	Definition of an access code for the individual menus



05:10	Service password	Setting an access code for menu 5 "service"
05:11	DIN contact	Setting ECO mode
05:12	Flocculation	Flocculant setting
05:13	Alarm settings	Configuration of alarm settings
05:14	Start	Setting the start delay
05:15	Recorder	020 mA/420 mA or test signal selection
05:16	Digital inputs	Digital input settings
05:17	Display	Display settings
05:18	Language	Change language and units

The various menus are described in the following pages.

To select the menus press the arrow keys \triangleright , \blacktriangleleft , \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown . Confirm the selection with "OK".

19.1.13 Menu 0.4.0: Configuration

Configurations of the TOPAX DX can be modified, saved and loaded at any time. Existing configuration files are saved on the memory card or loaded from it.

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> configuration ...

... >> Change Menu 0.4 (see section "4.11.5 Menu 0.4: Configuration of the terminals for sensors and actuating elements." on page 19)

 $\dots >>$ Load Menu 0.4.20, select an existing configuration with the \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown keys and confirm with "OK".

 $\dots >>$ Save Menu 0.4.21, save the current configuration to the memory card. The file name can be chosen freely.

In this way, the configuration of the TOPAX DX can for instance be done for several control circuits once and then be transferred to other, identical TOPAX DX controllers via the memory card. All settings are transferred.

Furthermore, the configuration files can be saved on a PC and transferred to an identical TOPAX DX if required.

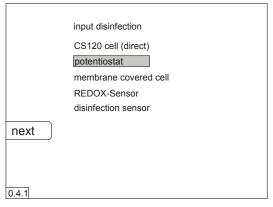


Fig. 40: Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> configuration

TOPAX DX can be reprogrammed at wish by the customer according to own configuration requirements.

The configuration of inputs and outputs can be done modified if necessary. Before it is saved, the newly set configuration is indicated in red and must be saved. Use the "ESC" button to exit the menu without saving and return to the old configuration.

When the new configuration is saved, check the terminals as well. The new wiring diagram is displayed. The changed terminals are shown in red writing. The terminal plan must be confirmed.

Inadmissible configurations are blocked. A text error message is shown.

For control purposes the terminal layout and assignments can be seen in menu 5.01 Hardware status .

The TOPAX DX is supplied with a measuring log and a terminal connection diagram for the device configuration.

19.1.15 Menu 5.0.1 hardware status

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> HW status

The menu displays the following information:

- Software version
- Runtime
- Integrated components
- Terminal connectionHardware status
- Haroware status

19.1.16 Menu 5.1: Inputs

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> inputs

Input	Functions
Disinfection	Defining the measurement ranges for the configured sensor and switching on the measured value compen- sation for the pH value and chlorine (Compensation of the chlorine value is only possible for the measurement with a potentiostatic measuring cell)
Total chlorine	Settings of measuring ranges
Combined chlorine	Settings of measuring ranges

19.1.17 Menu 5.2: Outputs

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> outputs

The menu permits:

- Adjusting the parameters for the current configured type of output (see chapter "7 Explanation of measuring values outputs" on page 27).
- Adjusting the maximum limits for the outputs.

19.1.18 Menu 5.3: Auto setup (First system self-setting)

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> autosetup

This menu allows you to perform automatic determination of the settings of the disinfection controller (see chapter "18 Auto setup (First system self-setting)" on page 33). The time for performing eventual adjustments depends on the actual conditions of the control system (max time is approx 4 hours).

19.1.19 Menu 5.4: Reset

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> reset

The menu permits

- Reset: Reset the device using the same configuration
- Factory setting: Restart the instrument using the original default settings (see chapter "21 Default settings" on page 43).
- The controller is switched off in a defined manner before being disconnected from the power supply.

19.1.20 Menu 5.5: Network

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> network

The menu permits the RS 485 network address to be set to connect the controller to a PC or network.

19.1.21 Menu 5.6: Logbook

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> log file

19.1.14 Menu 0.4.1 Configuration



The data logger contains the full list of all settings done on your TOPAX DX. It can be viewed as clear text on your TOPAX DX screen or on your PC but in this case you must replace the existing memory card (see chapter "22 Memory card" on page 44).

19.1.22 Menu 5.7: Time

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> time

Menu for setting the time after a battery replacement.

The time automatically changes from summer time to winter time and vice versa. This menu also allows you to switch off this changeover function.

19.1.23 Menu 5.8: Timer

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> timer

In this menu you can adjust the timer of your instrument so that nighttime functions are automatically switched on and you allocate to individual week days.

19.1.24 Menus 5.9 and 5.10: Code und service password

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> password and service password In these menus you can block the various levels by using a password (a 4-digit numerical code). All information menus remain available.

The password is activated 5 minutes after input.

Menu	Function
5.9 Password	When the password has been entered, the "Calibrate", "Setpoints" and "Menu 2" menus can only be accessed by entering this password.
5.10 Service password	When a service password has been entered the "Service" menu can only be accessed by entering this password.

If no password is set all program levels are accessible.

AT If y

ATTENTION!

If you enter a protection code, the related menu will be only accessible after entering the password. Enter the password and press "OK" to confirm.

19.1.25 Menu 5.11: DIN contact / ECO contact

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> DIN contact

This menu allows you to adjust the values and the lag time of switching contact for energy-saving operation (see chapter "14 Economy mode - DIN-contact and ECO-contact" on page 32).

19.1.26 Menu 5.12: Flocculation

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> flocculation

Set the parameters required to operate and start the flocculation pump. It is possible to select among the following operation modes:

Operating mode	Description
Off	-
On	with output capacity in %
Night-time economy mode	with setting of separate %-wise output capacity for day and night time operation.
flow-dependent (disturbance variable)	with output capacity in %
flow-dependent (disturbance varia- ble) and night-time economy mode	with setting of separate %-wise output capacity for day and night time operation.

Night-time operation is activated either by the timer or "externally" by the user.

19.1.27 Menu 5.13: Alarm settings

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> alarm settings

Use this menu to set the controller pattern and the alarm relay function when an alarm occurs. $% \left({{{\rm{D}}_{\rm{B}}}} \right)$

- Controller ON: the controller remains on if an alarm sounds
- Controller OFF: the controller goes off when an alarm sounds and the control valve is closed
- Relay ON: the alarm relay is activated when an alarm is activated
- Relay OFF: the relay is activated when energized by the operating current and is deactivated if an alarm goes on.

19.1.28 Menu 5.14: Start

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> startup

In this menu you can adjust the lag time of the control functions. The new time is effective after you have successfully:

- Calibration of the individual sensors
- · Lack of sample water
- Filter cleaning
- After switching the power on

19.1.29 Menu 5.15: Recorder outputs

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> recorder

In this menu you can set the analogueue outputs (recorder outputs) between 0...20 mA or 4...20 mA to transfer the measurements and to test with an adjustable test signal.

19.1.30 Menu 5.16: Digital switch inputs

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> digital inputs

Menu for switching on and activating the digital inputs. They can be defined as "normally ON" or "normally OFF". If not assigned, the digital inputs used for the level switch of the dosing container (to switch off the disinfection or the ph controller) can be also set to "not active".

19.1.31 Menu 5.17: Display

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> display

The menu permits:

- Assigning a system name on the display
- Switching on / off additional information on the standard display
- Setting the brightness of the display.



19.1.32 Menu 5.18: Language

Main menu >> Menu 2 >> service >> language

User language setting menu. You can activate additional languages from the memory card (see chapter "4.11.2 Choice of Language" on page 18).

19.2 Configuration example and terminal connection

19.2.1 Example 1:

Controller output	Control element	Setting	Terminal connection clips
Disinfection controller	C7700	Servomotor with potenti- ometer (relay contact)	87/88 (OPEN) 89/90 (CLOSED)
Controller pH value	MAGDOS	Pulse frequency (optocoupler)	81/82
Controller combined chlorine	Solenoid valve	(Relay contacts) ON/OFF	91/92
Controller conductivity	OFF		
DIN contact	Relay contact		93/94
Flocculation	MAGDOS	Pulse frequen- cy optocoupler	83/84

Still free connections:

Terminal		Output
85	+	Electronic output
86	-	(optocouplers)
93		Relay output
94		
95		Relay output
96		

19.2.2 Example 2:

Controller output	Control element	Setting	Terminal connection clips
Disinfection controller	MAGDOS	Pulse frequen- cy (optocou- pler)	81/82
Controller pH value	MAGDOS	Pulse frequen- cy (optocou- pler)	83/84
Controller bonded Chlorine	OFF		
Controller conductivity	Relay contact	Solenoid valve	87/88
DIN contact	Relay contact		89/90
Flocculation	Relay contact		91/92

Still free connections

Terminal		Output
85	+	Electronic output
86	-	(optocouplers)
93		Relay output
94		
95		Relay output
96		

All other terminal connections are assigned to the outputs as per actual configuration and are displayed by TOPAX DX.



20 Software updates

The installation of new software for an update of the firmware or the languages is done with the help of the memory card.



ATTENTION!

The memory card must only be inserted when the voltage supply is switched off (see section "22 Memory card" on page 44).

20.1 Firmware Update



IMPORTANT!

For a firmware update, all software files on the memory card must be deleted and replaced by the updated files.

Firmware update procedure:

- Switch off the voltage supply of the TOPAX DX
- Remove the memory card
- Insert a memory card into a reading device and connect it to a PC
- Delete existing directories / files on the memory card: Directory "long" (language files) File "DX_D1--.EEP" File "DX_M1--.EEP" File "DX_D1--.HEX" File "DX_M1--.HEX"
- Transfer the new files (software- and language files) from the PC to the memory card
- Insert the memory card in the TOPAX DX
- Reconnect the voltage supply of the TOPAX DX

When the operating voltage is switched on, the software is automatically installed and started on the TOPAX DX.



ATTENTION!

For a firmware update to software version 1.13 or older, all settings of the TOPAX DX are overwritten. All settings of the TOPAX DX have to be written down before the update and be restored after the update.

20.2 Update for further menu languages

The "German" and "English" menu languages are installed by default. They are automatically updated with a firmware update.

Further languages can be loaded at any time by transferring the respective language files for the software version installed on the TOPAX DX from the memory card (see section "4.11.2 Choice of Language" on page 18).

The language files can be found in the "lang" directory which is supplied together with the firmware update and have to be transferred from a PC to the memory card (see "20.1 Firmware Update" on page 43).



IMPORTANT!

Make sure that the correct software version for the language files is installed on the TOPAX DX!

21 Default settings

The default configuration by the manufacturer includes the following settings. The inputs are activated according to the part number.

- Y-Alarm (safety stop)
- works for all controllers and lasts 60 minutes • Start-up lag time: Time 60 seconds
- all measuring alarm values are deactivated •
- all special functions are deactivated

Digital signals

• H

	J			
٠	measuring water alar	m:	ON when the	e contact is opened
٠	night-time reduced o	peration	ON when the	e contact is closed
٠	night-time reduced o	peration	ON when the	e contact is closed
٠	Level inputs:	Input not ac	tive	

Input Disinfection	Single electrode CS 120	Part-no. 40100001
	Potentiostat PM	Part-no. 40100003 40100005
Disturbance variable input	OFF	not for conductivity measurements
Flocculation pump output	OFF	
DIN-Contact output	OFF	
Output Disinfection	Servomotor with pot	entiometer
pH output	Pulse frequency (opt	tocoupler) 100 pulses/min
Combined chlorine output	ON/OFF (relay)	Part no. 40100003, 40100005
Conductivity output	ON/OFF (relay)	Part no. 40100004, 40100005
Disinfection controller	W: 0.50 mg/l Xp: 35 % Tn: 15 minutes Tv: 0FF	
controller pH value	W: pH 7.10 Xp2: 10 % Tn2: 15 minutes Tv2: OFF	
controller combined chlorine	W: 0.20 mg/l Xp3: 10 % Tn3: OFF Tv3: OFF	Part no. 40100003, 40100005
controller conductivity	W: 0.5 % Salt Xp3: 10 % Tn3: OFF Tv3: OFF	Part no. 40100004, 40100005



22 Memory card

The memory card performs a number of tasks including the update of the firmware, the transfer of language files and data logging.

The data which is saved on the card can be transferred to a PC by means of a reading device. To do so, the memory card must be removed from the device. To remove the memory card, the TOPAX DX must be switched off in a specific way: Working in the "Service-reset" menu, press the "Shut-down" button. All controllers are set to an output capacity of "0%" and all unsaved data is saved to the memory card. The TOPAX DX can be operated further without a card (restart required). The memory card can be read out to a PC with a card reading device.



Fig. 41: Slot for the memory card on the display board. The card is inserted on the display circuit board in the front housing.



ATTENTION!

The memory card must only be inserted or removed when the device is de-energised. Switch off the TOPAX DX in the "Service-reset" menu.



ATTENTION!

Ensure that no additional files are saved on the memory card / that the saved data is not changed or deleted. To prevent errors on the memory card, de-register the card reader from the PC before removing the memory card.

On its website, the manufacturer provides the free software "TopReader" to read the memory card with the recorder and configuration data.

Various circumstances (e.g. malfunctions in the processor or similar) can result in faulty data saving on the memory card; the TOPAX DX will no longer start. In this case, remove the memory card from the TOPAX DX. Files which can still be used can be saved on a PC.



ATTENTION!

TOPAX[®] only supports memory cards with FAT formatting and 512 Bytes sector size. As a result, the usable capacity is restricted to 2 gigabyte. Only memory cards from Lutz-Jesco GmbH should be used as a matter of course.



IMPORTANT!

If a software update is to be performed, the memory card is to be formatted with a special formatting programme. This programme is available free-of-charge from Lutz-Jesco.



23 Troubleshooting and diagnostics

All errors are indicated in clear text on the display of the TOPAX DX. If several errors occur simultaneously, the error messages can be viewed with the \blacktriangle and \blacktriangledown keys. The following error displays and messages are possible:

23.2.1 Self-setting alarms

Display	Reason	Reactions in t	Reactions in the TOPAX DX	
		Alarm relay	Controller output 0%	
System start		Not activated	Yes (all)	
Keyboard locked	Keyboard lock is ON (max. 60 sec)	Not activated	No	
Sensor alarm	Input power < 4mA Input power > 21mA or faulty input module	Activated	Yes – Input allocated	
"Measurand" not calibrated	Calibrate corresponding input	Not activated	No (the measurement input works with standard values)	
"Measurand" calibration not OK	The corresponding input cannot be calibrated to the require- ments	Not activated	No	
Faulty potentiometer compensation "measur- and"	3 point step-by-step controller position feedback: no calibra- tion performed	Not activated	Yes	
Manual mode	manually started	Not activated		
Filter backwash	manually started (external contact)	Not activated	Yes	
measuring water shortage (not during calibra- tion)	water is not enough through-flow contact is defective	Activated	Yes (all)	
Night-time economy mode	Night time economy mode activated	Not activated		
Low level alert	Chemicals container is nearly empty	Activated	No	
Level main alarm	Chemicals container empty	Activated	Yes	

23.2.2 Displays that must be confirmed with "OK"

Display	Reason	Reactions in the TOPAX DX	
		Alarm relay	Controller output 0%
Max alarm	Set measurement exceeded	Activated	configurable
Min alarm	Measurement below set level	Activated	configurable
Y alarm	Safety cutout (see section 9.2)	Activated	configurable

23.2.3 Remedy

Display	Reason	Remedy
System start		System restores itself to normal operation after delay
Keyboard locked	Keyboard lock is ON (max. 60 sec)	System restores itself to normal operation after delay
Sensor alarm	Input power < 4mA Input power > 21mA or faulty input module	Check sensor connectionReplace input module
"Measurand" not calibrated	corresponding input not calibrated	Calibrate corresponding input
"Measurand" calibration not OK	Insufficient measuring cell transconductanceExcessive zero point drift	Buffer solution not ok, or replace measuring cell
	Sensor or single-rod measuring cell not compliant with DIN standards	Check and replace measuring input sensor if necessary
	Defective input module	Check and replace the input module if necessary
Faulty potentiometer calibration	3 point step-by-step controller position feedback: no calibration performed	Perform a position feedback calibration in the "outputs" menu
Filter backwash	manually started (external contact)	Normal mode sets in automatically after the interval
Measuring water shortage	water is not enough or through-flow contact is defective	Increase sample water flowCheck through-flow contact
Low level alert	Chemicals container is nearly empty	Add chemical agents or change container
Level main alarm	Chemicals container empty	Add chemical agents or change container
Max alarm	Set measurement exceeded	Check measurement or sensor
Min alarm	Measurement below set level	Check controller parameter setting
Y alarm	Safety cutout (see section 9.2)]
Servo motor alarm	Servo motor has not reached the end position and/or the zero point	Check servo motor



24 Terminal connection diagram for own configurations

Select here your connection requirement for terminal clips configuration of your TOPAX DX.

Part.-no.:_____

Description	Part number	Assembled
Input module 5-fold		
Input module 3-fold		
Output module		
PC interface - RS 485		

24.2.1 Measured variables

Terminal connection clips			
		Input	20 mA power outputs
	CS 120		
Disinfection	Potentiostat		
	Encapsulated electrode		
pH value	pH value		
Redox			
Temperature			
Total chlorine			
combinded chlorine			
Conductivity			

24.2.2 Output types

24.2.3 Output Disinfection

Output type	Terminal connection clips	
	Motor	
Servomotor with potentiometer	Potentiometer with position feedback	
Servo motor without potentiometer		
Pulse frequency (optocoupler)		
Pulse frequency (relay)		
Pulse length (relay)		
Continuous regulating output 0/4-20 mA		
ON/OFF (relay)		
no controller function		

24.2.4 pH output

Output type	Terminal connection clips
	Motor
Servomotor with potentiometer	Potentiometer with position feedback
Servo motor without potentiometer	
Pulse frequency (optocoupler)	
Pulse frequency (relay)	
Pulse length (relay)	
Continuous regulating output 0/4-20 mA	
2-sides pulse frequency (optocoupler)	
2-sides pulse frequency (relay)	
2-sides pulse length (relay)	
ON/OFF (relay)	
no controller function	

Operating instructions



24.2.5 Combined chlorine output

Output type	Terminal connection clips
Pulse frequency (optocoupler)	
Pulse frequency (relay)	
Pulse length (relay)	
Continuous regulating output 0/4-20 mA	
ON/OFF (relay)	
no controller function	

24.2.6 Conductivity output

Output type	Terminal connection clips
Pulse frequency (optocoupler)	
Pulse frequency (relay)	
Pulse length (relay)	
Continuous regulating output 0/4-20 mA	
ON/OFF (relay)	
no controller function	

24.2.7 Flocculation pump output

Output type	Terminal connection clips
Pulse frequency (optocoupler)	
Pulse frequency (relay)	
Pulse length (relay)	
Continuous regulating output 0/4-20 mA	
ON/OFF (relay)	
OFF	

24.2.8 DIN contact and ECO mode Output

Output		Terminal connection clips
Optocoupler		
Relays		
ECO mode control	Optocoupler	
	Relays	
OFF		

24.2.9 Digital inputs

("Service" menu – digital inputs)

Function	Terminal connectio	n clips	Configurated	
Measuring water shortage 17, 18		·	"OK" = closed	
Measuring water shortage	17,10		"OK" = opened	
Filtor cloaning	10.20		"OK" = closed	
Filter cleaning 19, 20			"OK" = opened	
	Level – warning	Level – alarm		
Dosing tank			"OK" = closed	
Disinfection	21, 22	23, 24	"OK" = opened	
			Not active	
	Level – warning	Level – alarm		
Chamical tank nH value			"OK" = closed	
Chemical tank pH value 25, 2	25, 26	27, 28	"OK" = opened	
			Not active	
Night operation	29.30		only if activate	
ECO mode control	29.30		only if activate	



25 EC Declaration of Conformity



EU-Konformitätserklärung

Der Unterzeichnete Lutz-Jesco GmbH, Am Bostelberge 19, 30900 Wedemark, bestätigt, dass die nachfolgend bezeichneten Geräte in der von uns in Verkehr gebrachten Ausführung die Anforderungen der harmonisierten EU-Richtlinien, EU-Sicherheitstandards und produktspezifischen Standards erfüllen. Bei einer nicht mit uns abgestimmten Änderung der Geräte verliert diese Erklärung ihre Gültigkeit.

(EN) EU Certificate of Conformity

The undersigned Lutz-Jesco GmbH, Am Bostelberge 19, 30900 Wedemark. hereby certifies that, when leaving our factory, the units indicated below are in accordance with the harmonised EU guidelines, EU standards of safety and product specific standards. This certificate becomes void if the units are modified without our approval.

(FR) Certificat de conformité aux directives européennes

Le constructeur, soussigné: Lutz-Jesco GmbH, Am Bostelberge 19, 30900 Wedemark, déclare qu'à la sortie de ses usines le matériel neuf désigné ci-dessous était conforme aux prescriptions des directives européennes énoncées ci-après et conforme aux règles de sécurité et autres règles qui lui sont applicables dans le cadre de l'Union européenne. Toute modification portée sur ce produit sans l'accord express de Jesco supprime la validité de ce certificat.

(ES) Declaración de conformidad de la UE

Èl que subscribe Lutz-Jesco GmbH, Am Bostelberge 19, 30900 Wedemark, declara que la presente mercancía, objeto de la presente declaración, cumple con todas las normas de la UE, en lo que a normas técnicas, de homologación y de seguridad se refiere, En caso de realizar cualquier modificación en la presente mercancía sin nuestra previa autorización, esta declaración pierde su validez.

(NL) EU-overeenstemmingsverklaring

Ondergetekende Lutz-Jesco GmbH, Am Bostelberge 19, 30900 Wedemark, bevestigt, dat het volgende genoemde apparaat in de door ons in de handel gebrachte uitvoering voldoet aan de eis van, en in overeenstemming is met de EU-richtlijnen, de EU-veiligheidsstandaard en de voor het product specifieke standaard. Bij een niet met ons afgestemde verandering aan het apparaat verliest deze verklaring haar geldigheid.

(HU) EG (EK)- Egyezőségi nyilatkozat

A Lutz-Jesco GmbH, Am Bostelberge 19, 30900 Wedemark ezúton kijelenti, hogy a szóban forgó termék annak tervezése és szerkezeti módja, valamint forgalomba hozott kivitele alapján a vonatkozó alapvető biztonság technikai és egészségügyi követelményeknek és az alábbi felsorolt EG –irányelveknek minden szempontból megfelel. A terméken engedélyünk nélkül végrehajtott módosítások következtében jelen nyilatkozat érvényét veszíti.

Bezeichnung des Gerätes:	Mess- und Regeleinheit
Description of the unit:	Measuring and control unit
Désignation du matériel:	Mesure et regulationm
Descripción de la mercancía:	Medicion y control
Omschrijving van het apparaat:	Meet- en regelsysteem
A termék megnevezése:	Méro- és szabályozó egység
Typ / Type / Tipo / Típusjelölés:	EU-Richtlinie / EU directives/

TOPAX DX

EU-Richtlinie / EU directives/ Directives européennes / Normativa UE / EU-richtlijnen / Vonatkozó EG-irányelvek

2006/95/EG 2004/108/EG

Harmonisierte Normen / harmonized standards / Normes harmonisées / Estándares acordemente / Toegepaste normeringen / Hatályos normák

EN 61000-6-2 : 03.06 EN 61000-6-3 : 06.05 EN 61000-4-2 : 12.01 EN 61000-4-3 : 12.06 EN 61000-4-3 : 07.05 EN 61000-4-5 : 12.01 EN 61000-4-5 : 12.01 EN 61000-4-6 : 12.01 EN 55022 : 2003 EN 55011 : 08.03

New J. MA

i.V. Dipl. Ing. Klaus Albert Lutz-Jesco, Wedemark, 01.02.2008 Technische Leitung / Technical Departement Manager / Direction technique / Dirección Técnica / Hoofd technische dienst / Műszaki irodavezető

CE-TOPAX_DX-V04

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